



## **Original Instructions**

Commercial Air Conditioners

## Photovoltaic Multi VRF

Models:

GMV-Y96WM/A-F(U)

Thank you for choosing commercial air conditioners. Please read this Owner's Manual carefully before operation and retain it for future reference.

If you have lost the Owner's Manual, please contact the local agent or visit www.gree.com or send an email to global@gree.com.cn for the electronic version.

GREE ELECTRIC APPLIANCES, INC. OF ZHUHAI

#### **Preface**

Gree Photovoltaic Multi VRF System, with the most advanced technologies in the world, uses eco-friendly refrigerant R410A as its cooling medium. For correct installation and operation, please read this manual carefully.

	This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.
<b>▲</b> WARNING	This mark indicates procedures which, if improperly performed, might lead to the death or serious injury of the user.
<b>▲</b> CAUTION	This mark indicates procedures which, if improperly performed, might possibly result in personal harm to the user, or damage to property.
NOTICE	NOTICE is used to address practices not related to personal injury.

### **AWARNING**

- (1) Instructions for installation and use of this product are provided by the manufacturer.
- (2) Installation must be performed in accordance with the requirements of NEC and CEC by authorized personnel only.
- (3) For safety operation, please strictly follow the instructions in this manual.
- (4) During operation, the gross rated capacity of working IDU should be within the gross rated capacity of ODU. Otherwise, IDU's cooling/heating performance will be reduced.
- (5) This manual must be in the hands of direct operators or maintenance men.
- (6) In case of malfunction and operation failure, please examine the following items and contact our authorized service centers as soon as possible.
  - 1) Nameplate (model, cooling capacity, product code, ex-factory date).
  - 2) Malfunction status (detail description of conditions before and after malfunction occurs).
- (7) All units have been strictly tested and proved to be qualified before ex-factory. To avoid unit damage or even operation failure which may be caused by improper disassembly, please do not disassemble units by yourself. If disassembly is needed, please contact our authorized serve centers for help.
- (8) All graphics and information in this manual are only for reference. Manufacturer reserves the right for changes in terms of sales or production at any time and without prior notice.
- (9) If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.

This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.



DISPOSAL: Do not dispose this product as unsorted municipal waste. Collection of such waste separately for special treatment is necessary.

## **Exception Clauses**

Manufacturer will bear no responsibilities when personal injury or property loss is caused by the following reasons:

- (1) Damage the product due to improper use or misuse of the product;
- (2) Alter, change, maintain or use the product with other equipment without abiding by the instruction manual of manufacturer;
- (3) After verification, the defect of product is directly caused by corrosive gas;
- (4) After verification, defects are due to improper operation during transportation of product;
- (5) Operate, repair, maintain the unit without abiding by instruction manual or related regulations;
- (6) After verification, the problem or dispute is caused by the quality specification or performance of parts and components that produced by other manufacturers;
- (7) The damage is caused by natural calamities, bad using environment or force majeure.

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## 1 Safety Precautions

#### **AWARNING**

- (1) This product can't be installed at corrosive, inflammable or explosive environment or the place with special requirements, such as kitchen. Otherwise, it will affect the normal operation or shorten the service life of the unit, or even cause fire hazard or serious injury. As for above special places, please adopt special air conditioner with anti-corrosive or anti-explosion function.
- (2) Follow this instruction to complete the installation work. Please carefully read this manual before unit startup and service.
- (3) Wire size of power cord should be large enough. The damaged power cord and connection wire should be replaced by exclusive cable.
- (4) After connecting the power cord, please fix the electric box cover properly in order to avoid accident.
- (5) Never fail to comply with the nitrigen charge requirements. Charge nitrogen when welding pipes.
- (6) Never short-circiut or cancel the pressure switch to prevent unit damage.
- (7) Please firstly connect the wired controller before energization, otherwise wired controller cannot be used.
- (8) Before using the unit, please check if the piping and wiring are correct to avoid water leakage, refrigerant leakage, electric shock, or fire etc..
- (9) Do not insert fingers or objects into air outlet/inlet grille.
- (10) Open the door and window and keep good ventilation in the room to avoid oxygen deficit when the gas/oil supplied heating equipment is used.
- (11) Never start up or shut off the air conditioner by means of directly plug or unplug the power cord.
- (12) Turn off the unit after it runs at least five minutes; otherwise it will influence oil return of the compressor.
- (13) Do not allow children operate this unit.
- (14) Do not operate this unit with wet hands.
- (15) Turn off the unit or cut off the power supply before cleaning the unit, otherwise electric shock or injury may happen.
- (16) Never spray or flush water towards unit, otherwise malfunction or electric shock may happen.
- (17) Do not expose the unit to the moist or corrosive circumstances.
- (18) Under cooling mode, please don't set the room temperature too low and keep the temperature difference between indoor and outdoor unit within 5° C(41° F).
- (19) User is not allowed to repair the unit. Fault service may cause electric shock or fire accidents. Please contact Gree appointed service center for help.
- (20) Before installation, please check if the power supply is in accordance with the requirements specified on the nameplate. And also take care of the power safety.
- (21) Installation should be conducted by dealer or qualified personnel. Please do not attempt to install the unit by yourself. Improper handling may result in water leakage, electric shock or fire disaster etc..
- (22) Be sure to use the exclusive accessory and part to prevent the water leakage, electric shock and fire accidents.
- (23) Make sure the unit can be earthed properly and soundly after plugging into the socket so as to avoid electric shock. Please do not connect the ground wire to gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod or telephone line.
- (24) Electrify the unit 8 hours before operation. Please switch on for 8 hours before operation. Do not cut off the power when 24 hours short-time halting (to protect the compressor).
- (25) If refrigerant leakage happens during installation, please ventilate immediately. Poisonous gas will emerge if the refrigerant gas meets fire.
- (26) Volatile liquid, such as diluent or gas will damage the unit appearance. Only use soft cloth with a little neutral detergent to clean the outer casing of unit.

### **AWARNING**

(27) If anything abnormal happens (such as burning smell), please power off the unit and cut off the main power supply, and then immediately contact Gree appointed service center. If abnormality keeps going, the unit might be damaged and lead to electric shock or fire.

GREE will not assume responsibility of personal injury or equipment damage caused by improper installation and commission, unnecessary service and incapable of following the rules and instructions listed in this manual.

#### 2 Product Introduction

Gree Photovoltaic Multi VRF System adopts inverter compressor technology. According to change the displacement of compressor, stepless capacity regulation within range of 10%-100% can be realized. Gree air conditioner is absolutely your best choice.

#### 2.1 Names of Main Parts

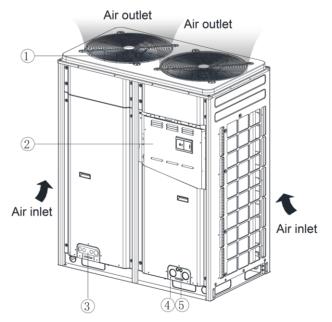


Fig. 2.1.1

NO.	1	2	3	4	5
Name	Fan, Motor	Electric Box Assembly	Valve interface	Power cord through-hole	Communication code through-hole

#### 2.2 Combinations of Indoor and Outdoor Units

ODU Model	Max number of connectable IDU (unit)
GMV-Y96WM/A-F(U)	16

The total capacity of indoor units should be within 50%~135% of that of outdoor units.

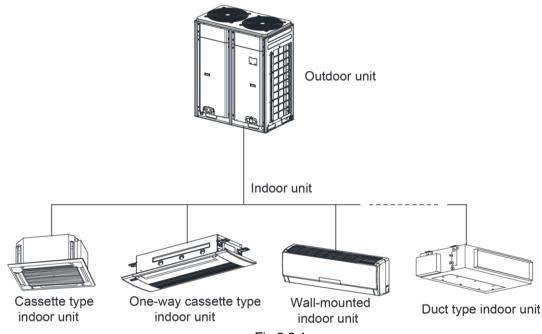


Fig.2.2.1

Fig.2.2.1 is the combination view of the ODU of Modular DC Inverter Multi VRF System and the IDU of Multi VRF System. IDU can be cassette type, one-way cassette type, wall-mounted type, duct type, etc. When any one IDU receives operation signal, ODU will start to work according to the capacity; when all IDUs stop, ODU will also stop.

## 2.3 The Range of Production Working Temperature

Cooling	Ambient temperature: -5° C(23° F)~52° C(125.6° F)
Heating	Ambient temperature: -20° C (-4° F)~24° C (75.2° F)

When the indoor units are all VRF fresh air processor, the unit operating range is as follows:

Cooling	Ambient temperature: 16°C(60.8°F)~45°C(113°F)
Heating	Ambient temperature: -7°C(19.4°F)~16°C(60.8°F)

**NOTICE!** Out of the working Temperature Range may damage this product and will invalidate the warranty.

## 3 Preparation before Installation

**NOTICE!** The picture is only used for reference and the actual product prevails. Unit: mm(in.).

#### 3.1 Standard Parts

Please use the following standard parts supplied by Gree.

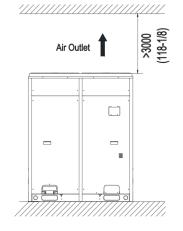
	Parts for Outdoor Unit				
Number	Name	Picture	Quantity	Remarks	
1	Owner's Manual		1		
2	Wiring (match with resistance)		) 1	Must be connected to the last IDU of communication connection	
3	Mark (Master)	Master	2	Attach on the wired controller of master IDU or on the front panel	

#### 3.2 Installation Site

## **AWARNING**

- (1) Install the unit at a place where is adequate to withstand the weight of the unit and make sure the unit would not shake or fall off.
- (2) Never expose the unit under direct sunshine and rainfall. Install the unit at a place where is against dust, typhoon and earthquake.
- (3) Try to keep the unit away from combustible, inflammable and corrosive gas or exhaust gas.
- (4) Leave some space for heat exchanging and servicing so as to guarantee unit normal operation.
- (5) Keep the indoor and outdoor units close to each other as much as possible so as to decrease the pipe length and bends.
- (6) Never allow children to approach to the unit and take measures to prevent children touching the unit.
  - (1) When the outdoor unit is totally surrounded by walls, please refer to following figures for space dimension.

Space dimension for single-module unit



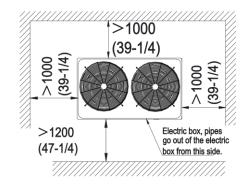


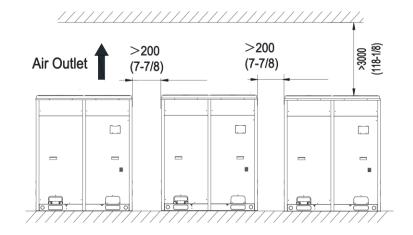
Fig.3.2.1

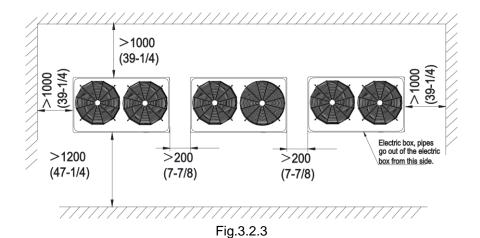
#### Space dimension for dual-module unit

Fig.3.2.2

#### Space dimension for three-module unit

Unit: mm(in.)





(2) When there is wall (or similar obstruction) above the unit, keep the distance between the unit top and the wall at least 3000mm(118-1/8in.) or above. When the unit is located in a totally open space with no obstructions in four directions, keep the distance between the unit top and wall at least 1500mm(59in.) or above (See Fig.3.2.4). When space is limited within 1500mm(59in.) or the unit is not set in an open space, air outlet pipe is required to be installed in order to keep good ventilation (See Fig.3.2.5).

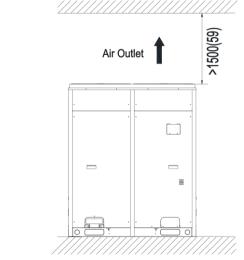
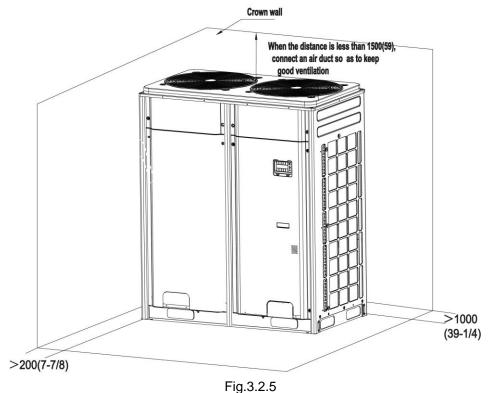


Fig.3.2.4

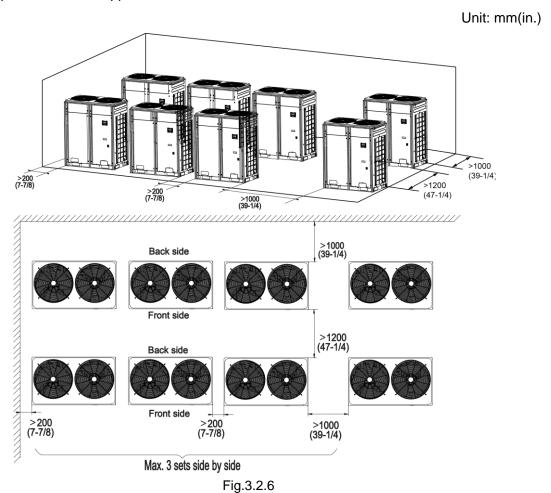


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#### (3) Space dimension for multiple-module unit

For keeping good ventilation, make sure there is no obstruction above the unit.

When the unit is located at a half-open space (front and left/right side is open), install the unit as per the same or opposite direction.



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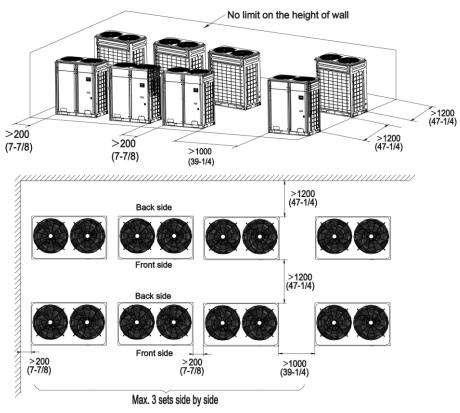


Fig.3.2.7

(4) Considering the seasonal wind in outdoor unit installation
Anti-monsoon installation requirement for unit not connecting exhaust duct

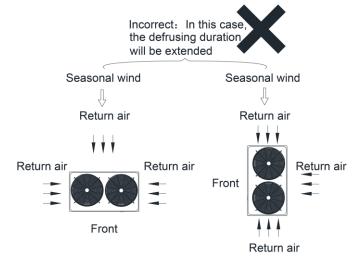
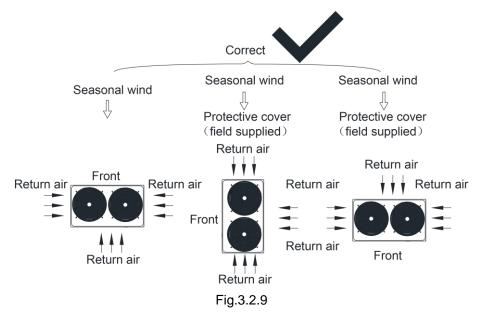


Fig.3.2.8



#### Anti-monsoon installation requirement for unit connecting exhaust duct

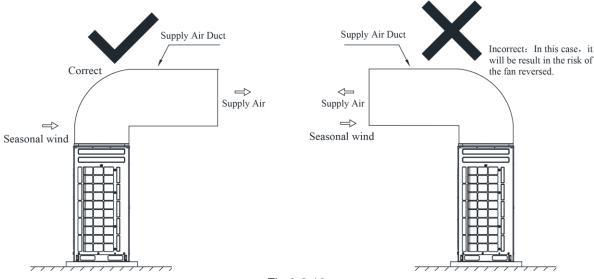


Fig.3.2.10

#### (5) Considering snow in outdoor unit installation

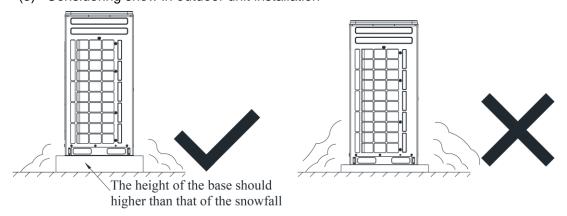


Fig.3.2.11

## 3.3 Piping Work Requirements

There should be no fall among outdoor modules. Refer to the table below for piping work requirements.

	R410A Refrigerant System			
Outer Diameter mm(in.)	Wall Thickness mm(in.)	Туре		
Ф6.35(1/4)	≥0.8(1/32)	0		
Ф9.52(3/8)	≥0.8(1/32)	0		
Ф12.7(1/2)	≥0.8(1/32)	0		
Ф15.9(5/8)	≥1.0(3/76)	0		
Ф19.05(3/4)	≥1.0(3/76)	1/2H		
Ф22.2(7/8)	≥1.2(1/21)	1/2H		
Ф28.6(1-1/8)	≥1.2(1/21)	1/2H		
Ф34.9(1-3/8)	≥1.3(2/39)	1/2H		
Ф41.3(1-5/8)	≥1.5(1/17)	1/2H		

#### 4 Installation Instruction

#### 4.1 ODU Foundation

The concrete foundation of the ODU must be strong enough. Ensure that the drainage is smooth and that the ground drainage or floor drainage is not affected.

Requirements on the concrete foundation are as follows:

- A. The concrete foundation must be flat and have enough rigidity and strength to undertake the unit's weight during running. The height of the foundation is 200 mm to 300 mm, which is determined based on the size of the unit.
- B.Build a drainage ditch around the foundation to discharge the condensate water.
- C.If the air conditioner is installed on the roof, check the intensity of the building and take waterproof measures.
- D.If a u-steel foundation is adopted, the structure must be designed with sufficient rigidity and strength.

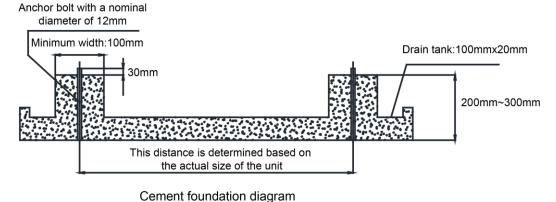
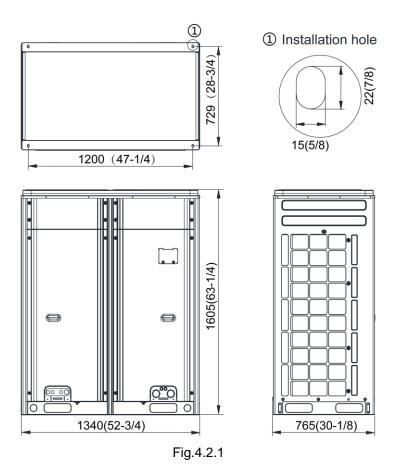


Fig. 4.1

## 4.2 Physical Dimension of the Outdoor Unit and Mounting Hole

Outline and Physical Dimention of GMV-Y96WM/A-F(U)



## 4.3 Connection Pipe

## 4.3.1 Schematic Diagram of Piping Connection

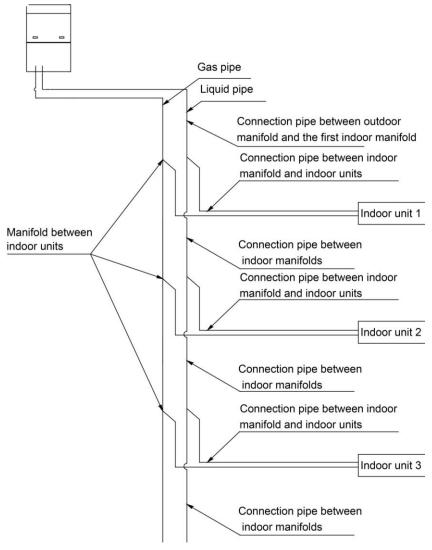


Fig.4.3.1

# 4.3.2 Schematic Diagram of Piping Sequence

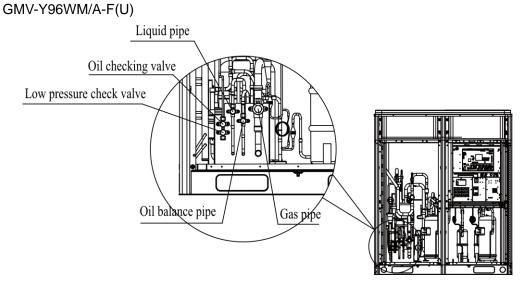


Fig.4.3.2

### 4.3.3 Allowable pipe length and drop height among indoor and outdoor units

Y type branch joint is adopted to connect indoor and outdoor units. Connecting method is shown in the figure below.

Remark: Equivalent length of one Y-type manifold is about 0.5m(1-3/4ft.).

Unit: m(ft.)

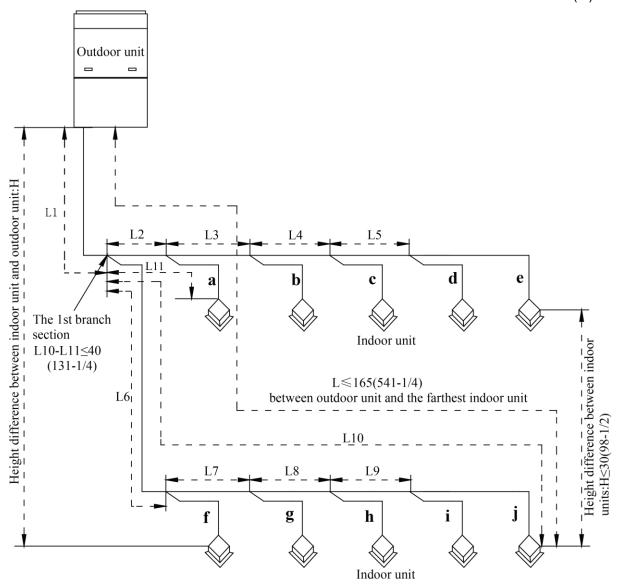


Fig.4.3.3

L10: Length from the first branch to the farthest IDU;

L11: Length from the first branch to the nearest IDU;

Equivalent length of branch of IDU is 0.5m(1-3/4ft.).

R410A Refrigerant System		Allowable Value m(ft.)	Fitting Pipe
Total length (actual length) of fitting pipe		≤1000(3280-3/4)	L1+L2+L3+L4++L9+a+b++i+j
Length of farthest	Actual length	≤165(541-1/4)	14.10.17.10.10.
fitting pipe m(ft.)	Equivalent length	≤190(623-1/4)	L1+L6+L7+L8+L9+j
Difference between the pipe length from the first			
branch of IDU to the farthest IDU and the pipe length		≤40(131-1/4)	L10-L11
from the first branch	of IDU to the nearest IDU		

R410A Refrigerant System		Allowable Value m(ft.)	Fitting Pipe
Equivalent length from the first branch to the furthest piping (1)		≤40(131-1/4)	L6+L7+L8+L9+j
Height difference	Outdoor unit at upper(2)	≤90(295-1/4)	
between outdoor unit and indoor unit	Outdoor unit at lower(2)	≤90(295-1/4)	
Height difference	e between indoor units	≤30(98-2/4)	
Maximum length of Main pipe(3)		<90(295-1/4)	L1
From IDU to its nearest branch (4)		≤40(131-1/4)	a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j

### NOTICE

- (1) Normally, the pipe length from the first branch of IDU to the farthest IDU is 40m(131-1/4ft.). Under the following conditions, the length can reach 90m(295-1/4ft.).
  - 1) Actual length of pipe in total: L1+L2x2+L3x2+L4x2+...+L9x2+a+b+...+i+j ≤1000m(3280-3/4ft.).
  - 2) Length between each IDU and its nearest branch a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j≤40m(131-3) 1/4ft.).
  - 4) Difference between the pipe length from the first branch of IDU to the farthest IDU and the pipe length from the first branch of IDU to the nearest IDU: L10-L11≤40m(131-1/4ft.).
- (2) When the maximum length of the main pipe from ODU to the first branch of IDU is≥90m(295-1/4ft.), then adjust the pipe size of the gas pipe and liquid pipe of main pipe according to the following table.

Outdoor Model	Gas pipe size mm(in.)	Liquid pipe size mm(in.)
GMV-Y96WM/A-F(U)	No need to enlarge pipe size	Ф12.7(1/2)

(3) If the length between an IDU and its nearest branch is above 10m(32-4/5ft.), then increase the size of the liquid pipe of IDU (only for the pipe size that is≤6.35mm(1/4in.).

#### 4.3.4 Fitting pipe between Outdoor Unit and the First Manifold

(1) single module system, pipe size (between outdoor unit and the first manifold) is determined by that of outdoor unit.

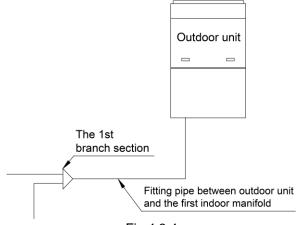


Fig.4.3.4

Pipe size of basic outdoor module is shown as follows:

Dania Maduda	Pipe between ODU and the first branch of IDU		
Basic Module	Gas Pipe mm(in.)	Liquid Pipe mm(in.)	
GMV-Y96WM/A-F(U)	Ф22.2(7/8)	Ф9.52(3/8)	

(2) Fitting pipe between the first manifold from indoor unit and the end manifold from outdoor unit

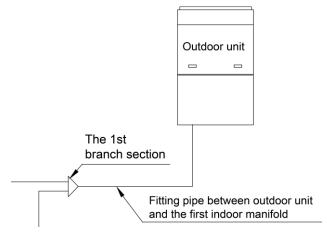
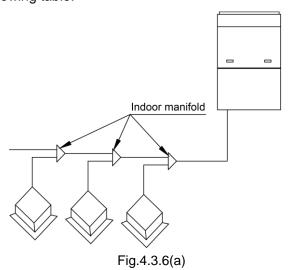


Fig.4.3.5

Davis Madula	Pipe between ODU and the first branch of IDU		
Basic Module	Gas Pipe mm(in.)	Liquid Pipe mm(in.)	
GMV-Y96WM/A-F(U)	Ф22.2(7/8)	Ф9.52(3/8)	

#### (3) Manifold at indoor unit side

Manifold at indoor unit side can be selected as per total capacity of downstream indoor unit(s). Refer to the following table.



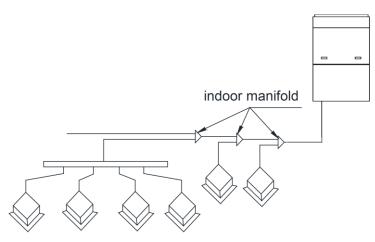


Fig.4.3.6(b)

R410A Refrigerant System	Total capacity of downstream indoor unit(s) C (KBtu/h)	Model
Y-type Manifold	C<68	FQ01A/A
	68≤C≤102	FQ01B/A
	102 <c≤239< td=""><td>FQ02/A</td></c≤239<>	FQ02/A
	239 <c< td=""><td>FQ03/A</td></c<>	FQ03/A
T-type Manifold	C≤136	FQ14/H1
	C≤232	FQ18/H1
	232 <c< td=""><td>FQ18/H2</td></c<>	FQ18/H2

## (4) Fitting pipe between manifolds

Pipe size (between two manifolds at indoor unit side) is based on the total capacity of upstream indoor unit(s).

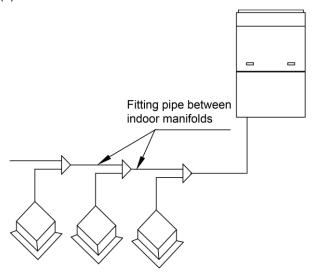


Fig.4.3.7

Total capacity of downstream indoor	Dimension of the pipe of indoor branch		
unit(s) C(Btu/h)	Gas Pipe mm(in.)	Liquid Pipe mm(in.)	
C≤17100	Ф12.7(1/2)	Ф6.35(1/4)	
17100 <c≤48500< td=""><td>Ф15.9(5/8)</td><td>Ф9.52(3/8)</td></c≤48500<>	Ф15.9(5/8)	Ф9.52(3/8)	
48500 <c≤72000< td=""><td>Ф19.05(3/4)</td><td>Ф9.52(3/8)</td></c≤72000<>	Ф19.05(3/4)	Ф9.52(3/8)	
72000 <c≤96000< td=""><td>Ф22.2(7/8)</td><td>Ф9.52(3/8)</td></c≤96000<>	Ф22.2(7/8)	Ф9.52(3/8)	
96000 <c≤144000< td=""><td>Ф28.6(1-1/8)</td><td>Ф12.7(1/2)</td></c≤144000<>	Ф28.6(1-1/8)	Ф12.7(1/2)	
144000 <c≤216000< td=""><td>Ф28.6(1-1/8)</td><td>Ф15.9(5/8)</td></c≤216000<>	Ф28.6(1-1/8)	Ф15.9(5/8)	

Total capacity of downstream indoor		Dimension of the pipe of indoor branch		
	unit(s) C(Btu/h)	Gas Pipe mm(in.)	Liquid Pipe mm(in.)	
	216000 <c≤240000< td=""><td>Ф34.9(1-3/8)</td><td>Ф15.9(5/8)</td></c≤240000<>	Ф34.9(1-3/8)	Ф15.9(5/8)	
	240000 <c≤336000< th=""><th>Ф34.9(1-3/8)</th><th>Ф19.05(3/4)</th></c≤336000<>	Ф34.9(1-3/8)	Ф19.05(3/4)	
	336000 <c< td=""><td>Ф41.3(1-5/8)</td><td>Ф19.05(3/4)</td></c<>	Ф41.3(1-5/8)	Ф19.05(3/4)	

#### (5) Fitting pipe between indoor unit and manifold

Manifold should be matched with fitting pipe of indoor unit.

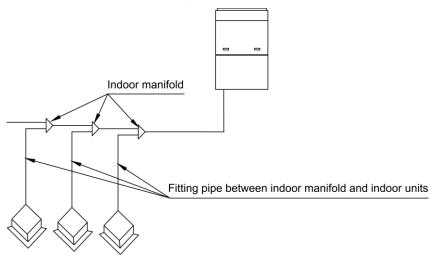


Fig.4.3.8

Rated capacity of indoor unit	Pipe between indoor branch and IDU			
C(Btu/h)	Gas Pipe mm(in.)	Liquid Pipe mm(in.)		
C≤9500	Ф9.52(3/8)	Ф6.35(1/4)		
9500 <c≤17100< td=""><td>Ф12.7(1/2)</td><td>Ф6.35(1/4)</td></c≤17100<>	Ф12.7(1/2)	Ф6.35(1/4)		
17100 <c≤48500< td=""><td>Ф15.9(5/8)</td><td>Ф9.52(3/8)</td></c≤48500<>	Ф15.9(5/8)	Ф9.52(3/8)		
48500 <c≤72000< td=""><td>Ф19.05(3/4)</td><td>Ф9.52(3/8)</td></c≤72000<>	Ф19.05(3/4)	Ф9.52(3/8)		
72000 <c< td=""><td>Ф22.2(7/8)</td><td>Ф9.52(3/8)</td></c<>	Ф22.2(7/8)	Ф9.52(3/8)		

### 4.4 Installation of the Connection Pipe

#### **NOTICE!**

Before welding the pipeline sealing cap, please make sure there's no refrigerant in pipeline. If welding it directly, it may cause unnecessary property damage or personal injury.

#### 4.4.1 Precautions when installing the connection pipe

- (1) Conform to the following principles during piping connection: Connection pipeline should be as short as possible. The height difference between indoor and outdoor units should be as short as possible. Keep number of bends as little as possible. The radius of curvature should be as large as possible.
- (2) Weld the connection pipes between indoor and outdoor unit. Please strictly conform to the requirements for welding process. Rosin joints and pin holes are not allowable.
- (3) When laying the pipes, be careful not to deform them. The radius of bending parts should be more than 200mm(7-7/8in.). The pipes cannot be repeatedly bent or stretched, otherwise the material will get harden. Do not bend or stretch the pipe over three times at the same position.

(4) Please use a torque wrench to connect union nut on the indoor unit. See Fig.4.4.1.

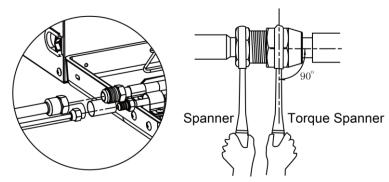


Fig.4.4.1

- 1) Align the expansion end of copper pipe with the center of threaded joint. Tighten the flare nuts with your hands.
- 2) Tighten the flare nuts with torque wrench until you hear "click" sound.
- 3) Use sponge to wrap the connecting pipe and joints without thermal insulation and tie it up with plastic tape.
- 4) A mounting support for the connection pipe is required.
- 5) The curvature degree of connection pipe should not be small, otherwise the pipe might crack. Installation personnel should use tube bender when bending the pipe.
- 6) Don't forbibly stretch the pipe joint, otherwise indoor capillary or other pipes might be damaged and lead to refrigerant leakage.

#### 4.4.2 Manifold

(1) Y-type manifold, See the Fig. 4.4.2(a). T-type manifold, See the Fig. 4.4.2(b)

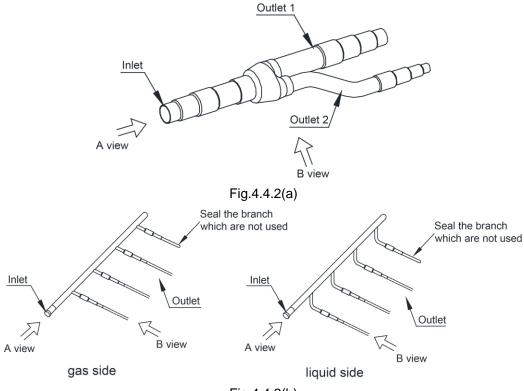


Fig.4.4.2(b)

(2) Manifold has serveral pipe sections with different pipe size, which facilitates to match

with various copper pipe. Use pipe cutter to cut in the middle of the pipe section with different pipe size and deburr as well. See Fig. 4.4.3.

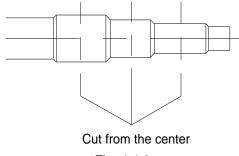


Fig. 4.4.3

(3) Y-type manifold can be installed vertically or horizontally. Confirm the position and then weld the manifold pipe. See the Fig. 4.4.4(a). T-type manifold must be installed horizontally with inclination, see the Fig. 4.4.4(b).

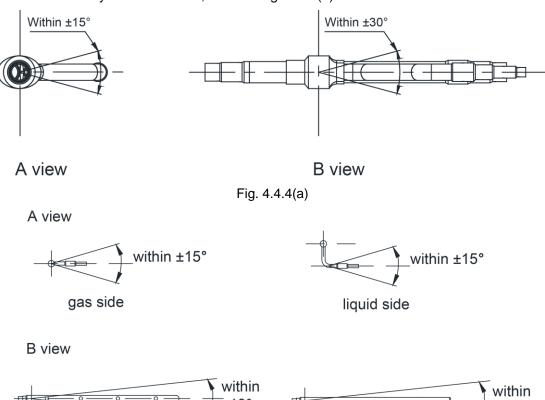


Fig. 4.4.4(b)

gas side

(4) Manifold is isolated by insulating material that can bear 120° C(248°F) or higher temperature. Manifold attached foam cannot be taken as insulating material.

liquid side

#### 4.4.3 Installation and thermal insulation for pipeline

- (1) For multi VRF system, every copper pipe should be labeled so as to avoid misconnection.
- (2) Manifolds can be laid in the following ways:

The length of a straight pipe between two manifolds cannot be less than 500 mm (19-11/16in.). The length of a straight pipe before the main pipe port of the manifold cannot be less than 500mm (19-11/16in.). The length of a straight pipe between the branch of the manifold and the IDU cannot be less than 500mm(19-11/16in.). See Fig.4.4.5.

Unit: mm(in.)

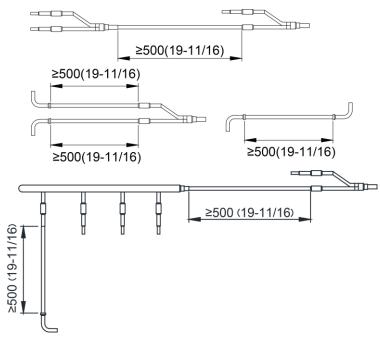


Fig.4.4.5

(3) There must be three fixing point for both horizontal and vertical installation of the Y-type manifold. See Fig.4.4.6.

Fixing point 1: 100 mm on the main inlet manifold from the welding point

Fixing point 2: 200 mm on the main branched pipe from the welding point

Fixing point 3: 250 mm on the branched pipe from the welding point

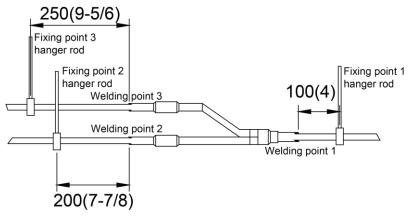


Fig.4.4.6

(4) Suspend the header to the ceiling, and be sure to install the T-type manifold so that the outlet pipes are horizontal at the lower side. See Fig. 4.4.7.

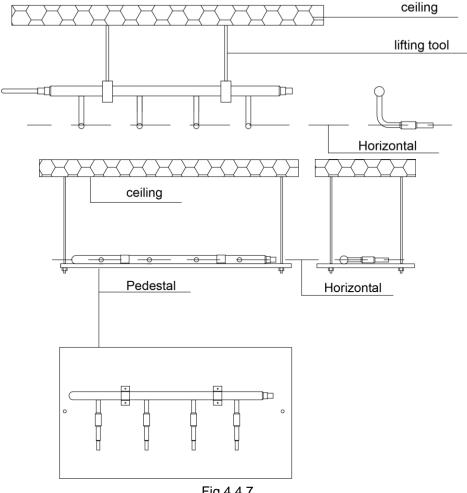


Fig.4.4.7

- (5) Thermal insulation for pipeline
  - 1) To avoid condensate or water leakage on connecting pipe, the gas pipe and liquid pipe must be wrapped with thermal insulating material and adhesive pipe for insulation from the air.
  - 2) For heat pump unit, liquid pipe should bear 70° C(158°F) or above, and gas pipe should bear 120° C(248°F) or above. For cooling only unit, both liquid pipe and gas pipe should bear 70° C(158°F) or above. Example: Polyethylene foam can bear 120 °C(248°F) above and foaming polyethylene can bear 100°C(212°F) above.

3) Joints at indoor and outdoor units should be wrapped with insulating material and leave no clearance between pipe and wall. See Fig.4.4.8.

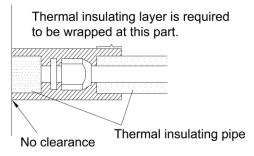


Fig.4.4.8

- 4) Manifold attached foam can not be taken as insulating material.
- 5) When wrapping the tape, the later circle should cover half of the former one. Don't wrap the tape so tightly, otherwise the insulation effect will be weakened.
- 6) After wrapping the pipe, adopt sealing material to completely fill the hole so as to prevent wind and rain from entering the room.

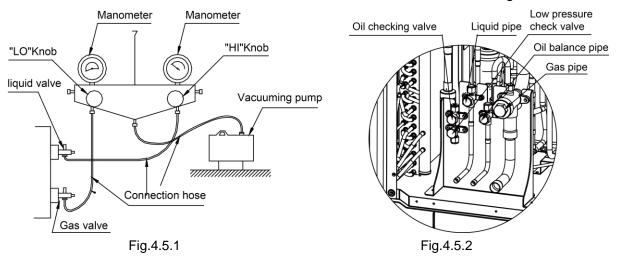
#### 4.4.4 Support and protection for pipeline

- (1) Support should be made for hanging connection pipe. Distance between each support can not be over 1m(39-3/8in.).
- (2) Protection towards accidental damage should be made for outdoor pipeline. When the pipeline exceeds 1m(39-3/8in.), a pin. board should be added for protection.

## 4.5 Air Purging and Refrigerant Charge

#### 4.5.1 Air purging

- (1) Confirm outdoor liquid and gas valves are closed. Air puring from the nozzel located on liquid and gas valves by vacuum pump. See Fig. 4.5.1.
- (2) When there are more than 2 outdoor units, air purging from the nozzel located on the oil balance valve. Confirm outdoor oil balance valves are closed. See Fig.4.5.2.



#### 4.5.2 Additional refrigerant charging

Outdoor unit has been charged refrigerant before delivery.

Charge additional refrigerant for field-installed connecting pipe. If the pipeline is longer

than 1m(39-3/8in.), please refer to the following table for charging amount of refrigerant. (Liquid pipe prevails)

How much additional refrigerant should be charged

Total refrigerant charging amount R= Pipeline charging amount A + ∑charging amount B of every module

#### (1) Pipeline charging amount

Added refrigerant quantity A for piping = ∑Liquid pipe length × Added refrigerant quantity for each meter(in.) of liquid pipe

	Diameter of liquid pipe mm(in.)							
	28.6(1-1/8)	25.4(1)	22.2(7/8)	19.05(3/4)	15.9(5/8)	12.7(1/2)	9.52(3/8)	6.35(1/4)
kg/m	0.680	0.520	0.350	0.250	0.170	0.110	0.054	0.022
OZ/in.	0.61	0.47	0.31	0.22	0.15	0.10	0.05	0.02

### (2) ∑Refrigerant charging amount B of every module

Refrigerant charging amount	Rated Capacity(1000Btu/h)	
IDU/ODU rated capacity collocation ratio C	Quantity of included IDUs(N)	96
F00/ -C-000/	N<4	0
50%≤C≤90%	N≥4	0.5(1.1)
	N<4	1(2.2)
90% <c≤105%< td=""><td>8&gt;N≥4</td><td>2(4.4)</td></c≤105%<>	8>N≥4	2(4.4)
	N≥8	3.5(7.7)
105% <c≤135%< td=""><td>N&lt;4</td><td>2(4.4)</td></c≤135%<>	N<4	2(4.4)
	8>N≥4	3.5(7.7)
	N≥8	4.5(9.9)

## NOTICE

- ① IDU/ODU rated capacity collocation ratio C = Sum of rated cooling capacity of indoor unit / Sum of rated cooling capacity of outdoor unit
- ② If all of the indoor units are fresh air indoor units, the quantity of refrigerant added to each module is 0kg.
- If outdoor air processor is connected with normal VRF indoor unit, adopt the perfusion method for normal indoor unit for perfusion.

#### For example1:

The OUD is composed of 1 module: 96kBtu/h. The IDUs are made up of 5sets of 18 kBtu/h.

IDU/ODU rated capacity collocation ratio  $C=18\times5/96=93.75\%$ . The quantity of included IDUs is more than 4 sets. Please refer to the above table.

Refrigerant charging amount B for 96 kBtu/h module is 2.0kg(4.4pounds).

Suppose the Pipeline charging amount  $A=\Sigma$  Liquid pipe length  $\times$  refrigerant charging amount of every 1m (or 1in.) liquid pipe=5kg (11.0 pounds)

Total refrigerant charging amount R=5+2=7kg (11.0+4.4=15.4pounds).

#### For example 2:

Outdoor unit is a 96kBtu/h module and the indoor unit is a 96kBtu/h fresh air unit. The quantity (B) of refrigerant added to this module is 0kg (0pounds).

So,  $\Sigma B$  (Quantity of refrigerant added to each module) = 0kg (0pounds).

Suppose that A (Quantity of refrigerant added to connection pipe) =  $\sum$  Length of liquid pipe x Quantity of refrigerant added to liquid pipe per meter) = 5kg (11pounds).

R (Quantity of added refrigerant in total) = 5+0=5kg (11+0=11pounds).

After confirming that there is no leakage from the system, when the compressor is not in operation, charge additional R410A with specified amount to the unit through the filling opening of the liquid pipe valve of the outdoor unit. If required additional refrigerant cannot be quickly filled for increase of pressure in the pipe, set the unit at cooling startup and then fill the refrigerant from gas valve of outdoor unit. If ambient temperature is low, the unit can't be set to cooling mode but heating mode.

#### 4.5.3 Precautions on Refrigerant Leakage

- (1) Personnel related to air conditioning engineering design and installation operators must abide by the safety requirement for preventing refrigerant leakage specified in local laws and regulations.
- (2) The unit adopt the R410A refrigerant, which is nonflammable and nontoxic. However, the space for refrigerant leakage must be sufficient to ensure that the refrigerant concentration does not exceed that specified in the safety requirement; otherwise, people involved can be stifled by the refrigerant. For example the maximum allowed concentration level of refrigerant to a humanly space for R410A according to the appropriate European Standard is limited to 0.44 kg/m³.

The maximum amount of refrigerant (kg) in the system = The volume of the room  $(m^3)$  ×The maximum allowed concentration level of refrigerant  $(kg/m^3)$ 

Total amount of refrigerant (kg) in the system = Total additional charging amount (kg) + Amount of refrigerant (kg) which is charged before leaving the factory (for the system consisting of multiple modules in parallel, the accumulative charge quantity of modules before leaving the factory is used)

Total amount of refrigerant (kg) in the system ≤The maximum amount of refrigerant (kg) in the system

(3) When the total amount of refrigerant in the system is more than the maximum amount of refrigerant, the cooling system should be designed again. In this case, the cooling system can also be separated into several cooling systems with small capacity, or add corresponding ventilation measures or alarming display.

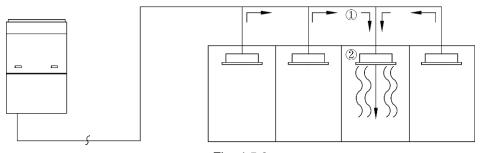


Fig. 4.5.3

- ① Flow direction of refrigerant leakage.
- ② Room for refrigerant leakage. Since the concentration of refrigerant is greater than that of air, pay attention to the spaces where the refrigerant may residue, for example, the basement.

### 4.6 Electric Wiring

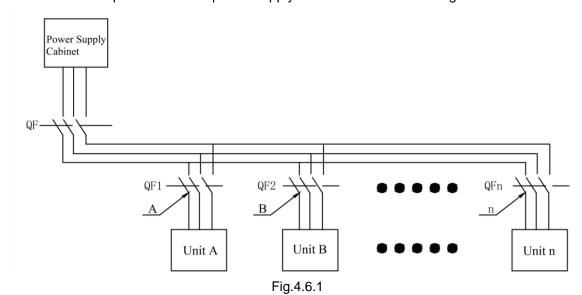
#### 4.6.1 Wiring precautions

#### **AWARNING**

- (1) Wiring should conform to national rules. All the parts, materials, electric work should be in accordance with local codes.
- (2) Rated voltage and exclusive power supply should be used.
- (3) Power cord should be fixed soundly and reliable. Never forcibly pull the power cord.
- (4) Wire size of power cord should be large enough. The damaged power cord and connecting wire should be replaced by exclusive cable.
- (5) All the electrical work should be performed by professional personnel as per local law, regulation and this manual.
- (6) Connect the unit to the special earthing device and make sure the unit is earthed soundly.
- (7) Air switch and circuit breaker is required to be set. Air switch should have both magnetic trip and thermal trip functions so as to protect the unit when short-circuit and overload happens. D-type breaker is adviced to be used.
- (8) Wiring diagram attatched on the unit is prevailed.

#### 4.6.2 Wiring of power cord

Every unit should have corresponding short-circuit and overload protection. And also a main switch is required to control power supply or disconnection. See Fig.4.6.1



**Outdoor Unit** 

Outdoor units	Power Supply	Fuse Capacity	Minimum Circuit Ampacity	Maximum Overcurrent Protection
	V/ Ph /Hz	А	А	А
GMV-Y96WM/A-F(U)	208V/230V 3~ 60Hz	70	45	70

### **AWARNING**

- (1) Specification of circuit breaker and power cord is selected on the basis of unit's maximum power (max. current).
- (2) Specification of power cord is based on the working condition where ambient temperature is 40 °C (104°F) and multi-core cable with copper conductor(working temperature is 90 °C (194°F), e.g. power cable with YJV cross-linked copper, insulated PE and PVC sheath) is lying on the surface of slot. If working condition is different, please adjust the specification according to national standard.
- (3) Copper-core cable must be used.
- (4) The above sectional area is suitable for a maximum distance of 15m(49-1/5ft.). If it's over 15m(49-1/5ft.), sectional area must be expanded to prevent overload current from burning the wire or causing fire hazard.
- (5) Specification of circuit breaker is based on the working condition where the ambient temperature of circuit breaker is 40°C(104°F). If working condition is different, please adjust the specification according to national standard.
- (6) The air switch should include magnetic trip function and thermal trip function so that system can be protected from short circuit and overload.
- (7) An all-pole disconnection switch having a contact separation of at least 3mm(1/8in.) in all poles should be connected in fixed wiring.

#### 4.6.3 Connection of power cord

#### **AWARNING**

- (1) Before obtaining access to terminals, all supply circuits must be disconnected.
- (2) If units are type I electrical appliances, they must be reliably grounded.
- (3) Ground resistance must be in accord with requirements of local standard.
- (4) The green-yellow wire within units are ground wire. Do not use it for other purposes. Nor should it be cut off or secured by tapping screws. Otherwise, it may cause electric shock.
- (5) Power supply at user side must have reliable ground terminal. Do not connect ground wire to the following places:
  - 1) Water pipe.
  - 2) Gas pipe.
  - 3) Drainage pipe.
  - 4) Other places that are considered by professionals as unreliable.
- (6) Power cord and communication wire should be separated, with a distance of more than 20cm(7-7/8in.). Otherwise, system's communication may not work well.

Steps and graphic of power cord connection:

- (1) Knock off the cross-through opening that's used for leading the external power cord, with the cross-through rubber ring on the opening. Then lead the cable through the opening. Connect L1, L2, L3 of power cord and ground wire separately to the positions on wiring board (for power supply) that are marked with L1, L2, L3 and the ground screw nearby.
- (2) Fasten the power cord with cable tie.
- (3) Lay the power cable and communication cable for the ODU according to the marker of external connection circuit diagram.

## 4.7 System Communication

#### 4.7.1 Communication system include:

- (1) Communication among outdoor basic modules.
- (2) Communication between ODU and IDU.
- (3) Communication among IDUs.
- (4) Communication between IDU and wired controller.
- (5) Connection between IDU and light board receiver.
- (6) Communication between different refrigeration systems.
- (7) Graphics of general communication connection.

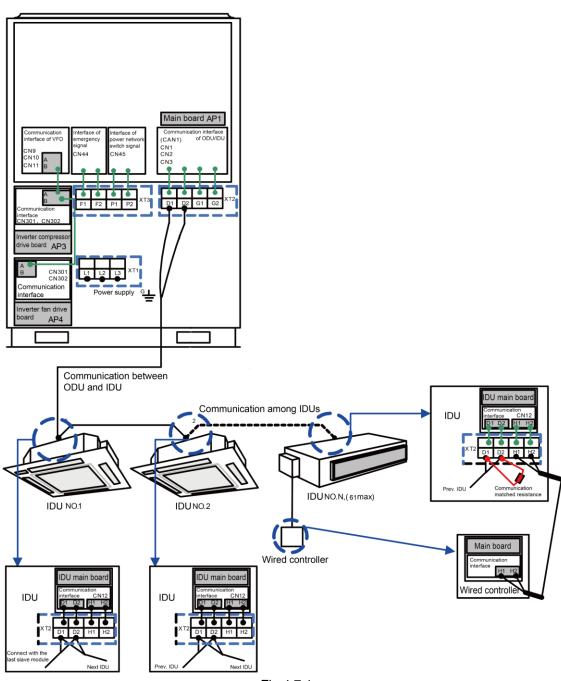


Fig.4.7.1

#### 4.7.2 Communication mode

CAN bus mode is taken for communication between IDU and ODU and communication among IDUs.

# 4.7.3 Selection and connection mode of photovoltaic Multi VRF communication material

#### 4.7.3.1 Select communication material

**NOTICE!** If air conditioners are installed at places where there's strong electromagnetic interference, the communication wire of IDU and wired controller must use shielded wire and the communication wire between IDU and IDU/ODU must use shielded twisted pair.

#### (1) Select communication wire between IDU and wired controller

Material type	Total length of communication line between IDU unit and wired controller L m(ft.)	Wire size	Remarks
Light/Ordinary polyvinyl chloride sheathed cord.	L≤250(820-1/5)	2xAVV(118~	<ol> <li>Total length of communication line can't exceed 250m(820-1/5ft.).</li> <li>The cord shall be Circular cord (the cores shall be twisted together).</li> <li>If unit is installed in places with intense magnetic field or strong interference, it is necessary to use shielded wire.</li> </ol>

#### Graphic of connection between IDU and wired controller

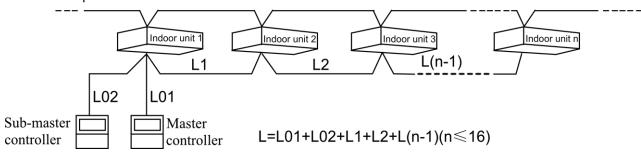


Fig.4.7.2

#### (2) Select communication wire between ODU and IDU

Material Type	Total Length L(m) of Communication Cable between IDU Unit and IDU (ODU) Unit m(ft.)	Wire size	Remarks
Light/Ordinary polyvinyl chloride sheathed cord.	L≤1000(3280-5/6)	≥2×AWG18	<ol> <li>If the wire diameter is enlarged to 2 xAWG16, the total communication length can reach 1500m(4921-1/4ft.).</li> <li>The cord shall be Circular cord (the cores shall be twisted together).</li> <li>If unit is installed in places with intense magnetic field or strong interference, it is necessary to use shielded wire.</li> </ol>

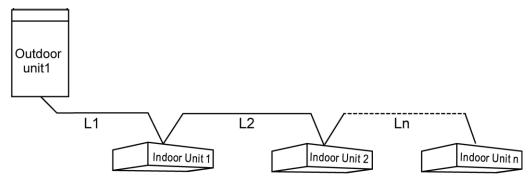


Fig.4.7.3

**NOTICE!** All of the selected communication wire must be consistent with local laws and regulations.

#### 4.7.3.2 Connection mode of communication

(1) All communication wires must be connected in series rather than in star.

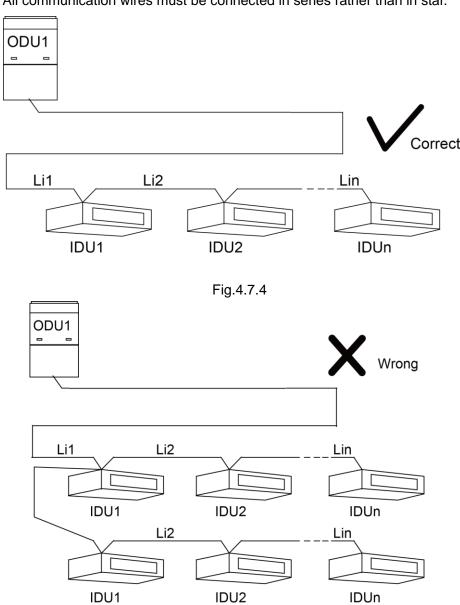


Fig.4.7.5

(2) All communication wires are connected by screws.

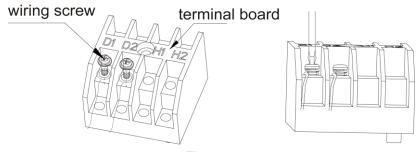


Fig.4.7.6

(3) If a single communication wire is not long enough and needs to be connected, the connected joint must be welded or pressure-welded. Do not simply twist the wires together.

#### 4.7.4 Communication address

Auto addressing technology is adopted for photovoltaic Multi VRF IDU and ODU. No need to set address codes manually. Only the addresses of master unit and central control are needed to be set (address of central control is only needed when there are multiple refrigeration systems).

**NOTICE!** When installing remote monitor or central controller, displacement on indoor units' project codes must be made. Otherwise, there will be collision malfunction of the project codes. For detail operation methods, please refer to the *GMV5 Installation and Maintenance Manual*.

## 4.8 Connection Method and Steps for System Communication

#### 4.8.1 Communication connection between IDU and ODU

**NOTICE!** The centralized controller can be installed when it is necessary.

Connect IDU and ODU via terminal D1/D2 of wiring board XT2. Below are the connection graphics of single unit:

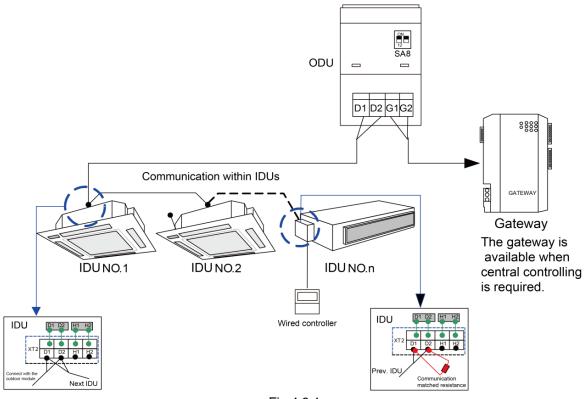


Fig.4.8.1

## NOTICE

- (1) Communication wire and power cord must be separated.
- (2) Communication wire must be of proper length. Extension is not allowed.
- (3) IDUs must be connected in series. The last IDU must be connected with the communication matched resistance (supplied in the list of ODU spare parts).

## 4.8.2 Communication connection between IDU and wired controller

There are 4 kinds of connection between IDU and wired controller, as shown below:

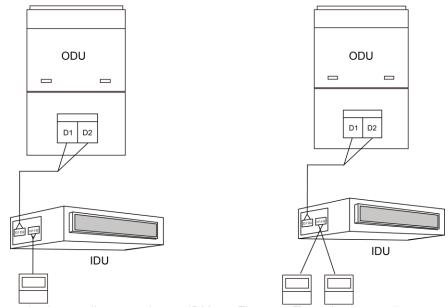


Fig.4.8.2 One wired controller controls one IDU

Fig.4.8.3 Two wired controllers controls one IDU

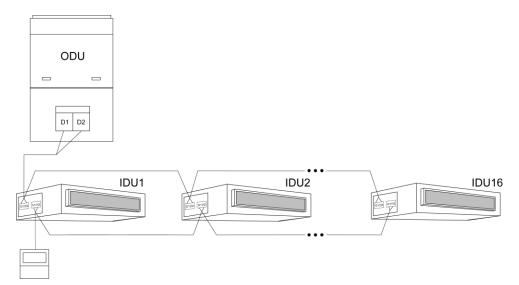


Fig.4.8.4 One wired controller controls multiple IDUs

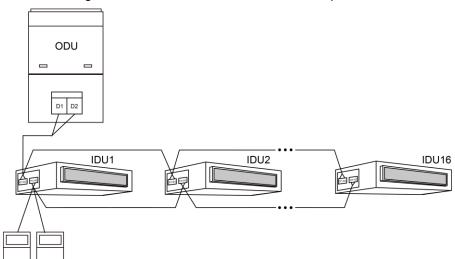


Fig.4.8.5 Two wired controllers control multiple IDUs

When two wired controllers control multiple IDUs, the wired controller can be connected to any one IDU, provided that the connected IDU is of the same series. Meanwhile, one and only one of the wired controllers must be set as a slave controller. At most 16 IDUs can be controlled by wired controllers and the connected IDUs shall be within a same IDU network.

No matter when unit is turned on or off, slave controller can be set.

How to set a slave controller: hold "function" button on the designated controller for 5s, and temperature zone displays C00. Continue holding "function" button for 5s and setting screen of controller parameter will come out. Default temperature zone displays P00.

Press A button or V button to select parameter code P13. Press "mode" button to switch to setup of parameter values. Then the parameter value will blink. Press A button or V button to select code 02. And then press "confirm/cancel" to finish setting.

Press "confirm/cancel" to return to the previous display until you exit from the setup of parameter values.

Below are user's parameter settings:

F	Parameter code	Parameter name	Parameter scope	Default value	Remark
	P13	Set up address for wired controller	01: master wired controller 02: slave wired controller	01	When 2 wired controllers control one or more IDUs, they shall have different addresses. Slave wired controller (02) can't set up units' parameters except its own address.

# 4.8.3 Communication connection of central controlling units

**NOTICE!** The centralized controller can be installed when it is necessary.

Port connection G1 and G2 on the wiring board XT2 of master unit among each multi VRF system (see below)

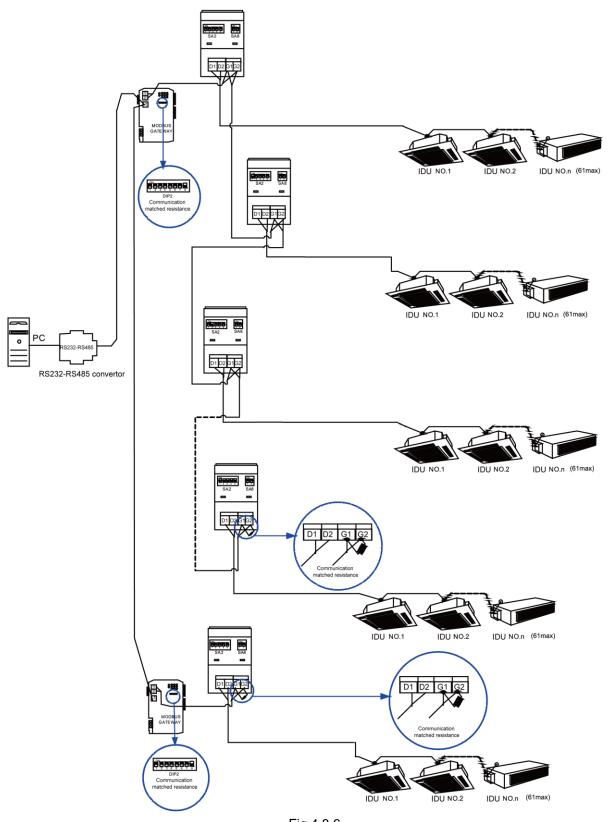
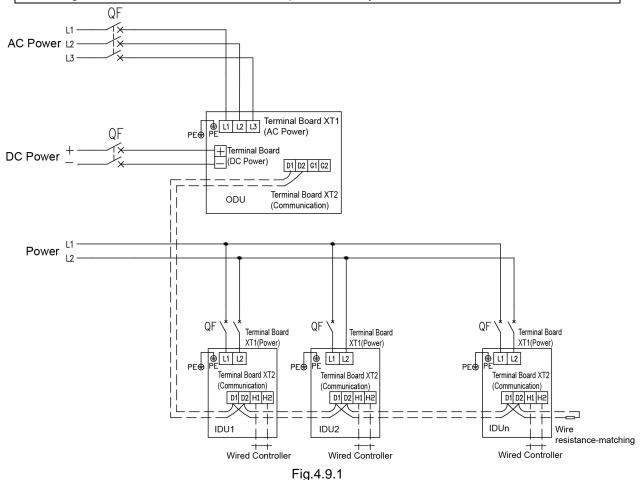


Fig.4.8.6

# 4.9 External Electrical Wiring Diagram

## **AWARNING**

- (1) Every unit should be equipped with a circuit breaker for short-circuit and overload protection. In general, circuit breaker is at OFF status.
- (2) During operation, all indoor units and outdoor units belonging to the same system must be kept energized status. Otherwise, the unit can't operate normally.



**NOTICE!** Maximum number of IDU is based upon ODU capacity. For details, please refer to the introduction of units' combination.

# 4.10 PV system installation

#### 4.10.1 Installation notice

Improper operation or operate the device not according to safety instruction requirement might lead to danger to the user and serious hardware damage, even property loss and personal injury. Please read the manual carefully before operation and strictly observe all the following safety instructions.

Before operation, please disconnect the: (1) connection between AC and power grid; (2) connection between AC and PV system; don't touch the terminal or conductor that connect power grid and PV input circuit, any contiguous contacts among internal AC, power grid and PV system might result in burning or fatal electrical shock.

Electrostatic discharge of internal component might result in unrecoverable damage of AC.

Please strictly observe static protection specification while operating the device.

Electric shock and fire hazard might lead to electrical leakage, before connecting PV and power grid, please make sure the AC has already safely grounded.

Any operation of the device must be conducted by relevant professional electrician; if the device needs repairing, please contact relevant professional staff; pay attention to all safety instructions and safety notices listed in installation document.

## 4.10.2 Installation item in PV system

The structure of PV direct-driven inverter multi VRF system is shown in the following fig, PV system installation mainly includes installation for PV frame and PV battery component, auxiliary cable pavement and installation for distribution equipment.

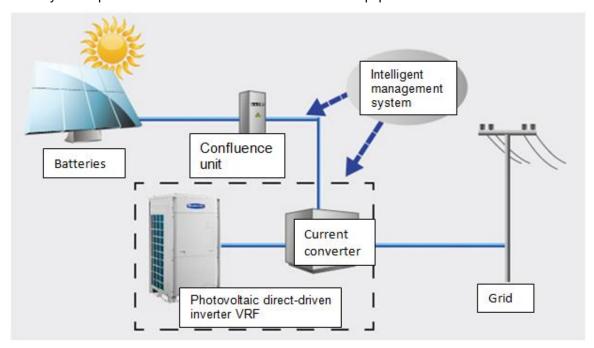


Fig.4.10.1

#### 4.10.2.1 Installation of PV component frame

PV component frame shall be installed on site after acceptance of Party A and the professional supervising unit. The engineered frame is aluminum alloy or hot galvanized steel. During construction, try to avoid scratching the surface of aluminum alloy or the spiculate objects in galvanized layer.

Installation shall be carried out in order. Separate the connector (to connect with roof slabs), main keel and sub keel (if needed), then conduct lifting uniformly. Calculate correct material quantity in each row according to the PV component quantity in each row, including the amount of related accessory, e.g. bolt. Firstly, fix the connector on the roof slab near the upright lock; secondly, fix corresponding main keel and sub keel (if sub keel is needed), then fix and connect the bolts of each component together. Tighten the bolt manually first, then fasten it with manual wrench or electrical wrench, meanwhile, observe and adjust its straightness with nylon wire.

After installation is completed, clean up the packing material on site.

#### 4.10.2.2 Installation of PV battery component

PV battery component shall be used after acceptance of relevant department of Party A. Common PV battery component is shown in the following fig.







Fig.4.10.2

Handle with care during transportation to avoid collision of PV component and PV component, PV component and frame. The PV component shall be placed on the keel and fixed by means of pressing. Pressing force shall be moderate, which meet the requirements of wind shield and quake proof for PV component and frame, besides, not to damage the glass due to tight casting die, which might result in unnecessary losses. Placement of PV component shall be neat; location of junction box shall be on the upper surface.

**NOTICE!** The undefined installation notices shall refer to the installation requirements in Article 690 of NFPA 70 and Section 50 of the CEC C22.1.

#### 4.10.2.3 Cable pavement

Cable pavement shall be carried out from far to near. Generally speaking, for short-distant cable transportation, the method of rolling cable shaft is adopted. The leading side of cable shall be over the shaft. Decrease the friction with floor during traction process. Before pavement, install and fix corresponding cable bridge first, each wire must be straight, no distortion or knot.

Leave enough wiring length in both ends of combiner box and DC distribution box for cable and make labels with tags in terminal. Add steel tube as protecting cover when cable wire is passing through the road, after cutting, eliminate the burr and sharp edge in the nozzle of protecting cover to prevent the cable wire being damaged while dragging.

When conducting setting out in each array, confirm the specification and model for wire diameter adopted in that array according to the drawing. Before pavement, test the insulation resistance with megameter to see if it is within the specified range.

Current carrying capacity of wire between PV component and junction box shall be 125% of the sum of all PV component short circuits current. Moreover, add HDPE plastic tube for protection and pre-cast steel tube in underground cable for protection. There cannot be sharp burr in the steel nozzle to avoid scratching the cable. The bridge installed vertically in interior wall shall be firm, straight line deviation is less than 0.5CM, do not damage interior wall structure to ensure cleanliness of the wall.

#### 4.10.2.4 Installation and wiring of distribution equipment (read it according to your demand)

Before installing the distribution equipment, open the box for inspection first, based on the device list, construction drawing and device technical material, check the main uint, attachment and spare parts of the device, product certificate, technical material and specification, to see if they are complete. Tighten the screws used for installation and check the installation strength.

Installation of junction box: install it to the place near the assembly string to decrease cable pavement length and wire breakage. Protection measures shall be taken in the places where cable is entering into the junction box to avoid scratching the cable. After wiring for the conjunction box, please check the wiring strength and tightness of the box. Close the cover and tighten with keys after inspection.

Installation of grid-connected cabinet: carry out installation according to the arrangement of construction drawing. The cabinet shall be earthed, connect each cabinet with base separately. Check the connecting wire of controller inside the cabinet to see if it is consistent with circuit diagram and wiring diagram. Its rated voltage must be consistent with controlling and operating power voltage. At last, adjust the overcurrent circuit breaker of the cabinet, all relays and mechanical chain, etc.

## 5 Check Items after Installation and Trial Run

### 5.1 Check Items after Installation

Check Items	Conditions Might Happen	Check
Has the unit been fixed firmly?	The unit may drop, shake or emit noise.	
Have you done the gas leakage test?	It may cause insufficient cooling/heating capacity.	
Is the unit get proper thermal insulation?	It may cause condensation and dripping.	
Does the unit drain well?	It may cause condensation and dripping.	
Is the voltage in accordance with the rated voltage specified on the nameplate?	It may cause malfunction or damage the part.	
Is the electric wiring and piping connection installed correctly and securely?	It may cause malfunction or damage the part.	
Has the unit been earthed securely?	It may cause electrical leakage.	
Is the power cord specified?	It may cause malfunction or damage the part.	
Has the inlet and outlet been blocked?	It may cause insufficient cooling/heating capacity.	
Has the pipe length and refrigerant charging amount been recorded?	The refrigerant charging amount is not accurate.	
Is the address code of outdoor modules correct?	The unit cannot run normally. Communication malfunction might happen.	
Is the address code of indoor units and wired controller correct?	The unit cannot run normally. Communication malfunction might happen.	
Has the communication line been connected correct?	The unit cannot run normally. Communication malfunction might happen.	
Is the piping connection and valve status right?	The unit cannot run normally.	
Whether phase sequence of external power cord is correct or not?	Operation failure occurs or unit is damaged.	
Whether the engineering piping work and wiring holes are sealed?	Maybe there are mice biting the wires, which is the cause of malfunction.	

#### 5.2 Trial Run

**NOTICE!** During debugging, one and only one module must be set as a master module.

During debugging, one and only one IDU must be set as a master IDU.

When no special requirement is needed, no need to set other functions. Unit can operate according to ex-factory settings. When special requirement is needed, please read the Service Manual or Debugging and Maintenance Manual.

## 5.2.1 Preparation before trial run

- (1) The power supply should be turned on only after finishing all the installation.
- (2) All the control wires and cables are connected correctly and safely. Completely open the gas and liquid valves.
- (3) All the objects like metal filing, thrum and clip should be cleared after installation.
- (4) Check if the unit appearance and piping system is damaged or not due to transportation.
- (5) Check if the terminals of electrical element is loose and the phase sequence is correct or not.
- (6) Check the valve: For single-module unit, fully open the gas and liquid valve and close oil balance valve; For dual/three module unit, fully open the gas, liquid valve and oil balance valve.

#### 5.2.2 Trial run

#### 5.2.2.1 Notices

- (1) Before test operation, make sure unit is power on and compressor has been preheated for more than 8 hours. Touch the unit to check whether it's normally preheated. Start test operation after unit is normally preheated, otherwise compressor might be damaged. Debugging must be performed by professional technicians or under the guide of professional technicians.
- (2) When debugging starts, system will operate according to the ambient temperature.
  - 1) When outdoor temperature is above 20°C(68°F), debugging shall be in cooling mode.
  - 2) When outdoor temperature is below 20° C(68°F), debugging shall be in heating mode.
- (3) Before debugging, confirm again whether the cut-off valve of each basic module is fully turned on.
- (4) During debugging, front panel of the outdoor unit must be fully closed; otherwise, debugging accuracy will be affected.
- (5) Before debugging, make sure the needed amount of refrigerant has been added to the pipe or at least 70% of the needed refrigerant has been added.

# (6) Description of each stage of debugging progress:

		Des	cription o	of each st	age of de	ebugging	progress		
	Debugging code Progress code		Status code						
	LE	:D1	LED2		LED3		Meaning		
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status	3		
	db	light	01	light	A0	light	System is not debugged.		
01_Set up master	db	light	01	light	СС	light	System doesn't have master unit. Reset master unit.		
unit	db	light	01	light	CF	light	More than 2 master units are set. Reset master unit.		
	db	light	01	light	ОС	light	Master unit is successfully set. Start next progress.		

		Des	cription of	of each st	age of de	ebugging	progress
	Debugg	ing code	Progre	ss code	Status	code	
	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	db	light	02	light	Ad	blink	System is allocating addresses.
02_Allocate addresses	db	light	02	light	L7	blink	Master IDU is not set. Please set master IDU. If it's not set in 1min, system will set the master IDU randomly.
	n the db light 03 light 01~04 blink Confirm the	Allocation is finished. Start next progress.					
03_Confirm the	db	light	03	light	01~04	blink	LED3 displays the quantity of modules. Confirm the number manually.
quantity of modules	db	light	03	light	ОС	light	System has confirmed the quantity of modules. Start next progress.
04_Confirm the	db	light	04	light	01~80	blink	LED3 displays the quantity of IDUs. Confirm the number manually.
quantity of IDUs	db	light	04	light	ОС	light	System has confirmed the quantity of IDUs. Start next progress.
	db	light	05	light	C2	light	System detects "driven communication error between master unit and inverter compressor".
05_Detect	db	light	05	light	C3	light	System detects "driven communication error between master unit and inverter fan".
communication	db	light	05	light	СН	light	IDU/ODU "high proportion of rated capacity".
	db	light	05	light	CL	light	IDU/ODU "low proportion of rated capacity".
	db	light	05	light	ОС	light	Detection is finished. Start next progress.
06_Detect	db	light	06	light	Error code	light	System detects error in outdoor components.
components	db	light	06	light	ос	light	No error in outdoor components. Start next progress.

		Des	cription o	of each st	age of de	ebugging	progress
	Debugg	ing code	Progre	ss code	Status	code	
	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status	3
07_Detect indoor components	db	light	07	light	XXXX /Error code	light	System detects error in indoor components. XXXX is the project no. of the faulted IDU. 3s later, relevant error code is displayed. For example, IDU no. 100 has d5 error, then LED3 displays like this: 01 (2s later) 00 (2s later) d5, and repeat again.
	db	light	07	light	ОС	light	No error in indoor components. Start next progress.
08_Confirm	db	light	08	light	U0	light	Preheat time for compressor is less than 8h.
preheated compressor	db	light	08	light	ОС	light	Preheat time for compressor is 8h. Start next progress.
09_Refrigerant judgments before	db	light	09	light	U4	light	System refrigerant is not enough. System downtime equilibrium pressure is lower than 0.3MPa(4-2/5psig).
startup	db	light	09	light	ОС	light	System refrigerant is normal. Start next progress.
10_Status	db	light	10	light	ON	light	Outdoor valves are being turned on.
judgments of outdoor valves	db	light	10	light	U6	light	Outdoor valves are not fully turned on.
before startup	db	light	10	light	ОС	light	Outdoor valves are turned on normally.

	Description of each stage of debugging progress											
	Debugg	ing code	Progres	ss code	Status	code						
	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning					
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status						
11_Calculate refrigerant quantity manually	db	light	11	light	AE	light	Calculate the refrigerant quantity manually and confirm the perfusion status of refrigerant (the quantity of refrigerant added into the system must be recorded accurately).					
12_Confirm	db	light	12	light	AP	blink	Ready for units to start debugging.					
debugging startup	db	light	12	light	AE	light	Manual calculation of refrigerant quantity is set up.					
13_							no meaning.					
14_							no meaning.					
	db	light	15	light	AC	light	Debugging is enabled in cooling mode (debugging mode, auto-selected by system).					
15_Cooling debugging	db	light	15	light	Error code	light	Error occurs during debugging in cooling mode.					
	db	light	15	light	J0	light	Error of other modules occurs during debugging in cooling mode.					

		Des	cription o	of each st	age of de	ebugging	progress
	Debugg	ing code	Progres	ss code	Status	code	
	LE	D1	LED2		LE	D3	Meaning
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status	3
	db	light	15	light	U9	light	Outdoor pipeline and valves are not normal.
	db	light	15	light	XXXX/ U8	light	System detects error in indoor pipeline. XXXX is the project no. of the faulted IDU. 3s later, error code U8 is displayed. For example, IDU no. 100 has U8 error, then LED3 displays like this: 01 (2s later) 00 (2s later) U8, and repeat again.
	db	light	16	light	АН	light	Debugging is enabled in heating mode (debugging mode, auto-selected by system).
	db	light	16	light	Error code	light	Error occurs during debugging in heating mode.
16_Heating	db	light	16	light	J0	light	Error of other modules occurs during debugging in heating mode.
debugging	db	light	16	light	U9	light	Outdoor pipeline and valves are not normal.
	db	light	16	light	XXXX/ U8	light	System detects error in indoor pipeline. XXXX is the project no. of the faulted IDU. 3s later, error code U8 is displayed. For example, IDU no. 100 has U8 error, then LED3 displays like this: 01 (2s later) 00 (2s later) U8, and repeat again.
17_Debugging finished	01~04	light	OF	light	OF	light	Debugging is finished. System is on standby condition. LED1 displays module address. LED2 and LED3 display "OF".

#### 5.2.2.2 Debugging operation mode

Photovoltaic Multi VRF system has two debugging modes: one is direct operation on main board of outdoor units while the other is PC operation via special software. In PC software debugging, indoor/outdoor parameters can be displayed and historical data can be recorded and inquired. (Operation details can be found in relevant instruction manuals)

- (1) Debugging through operation on main board of outdoor unitsIn this debugging mode, following debugging functions are included on the main board:
- **Step 1:** front panel of the outdoor units must be fully closed. Open the debugging window of each basic module;
- **Step 2:** disconnect power for outdoor units. According to design requirements of external static pressure, set up corresponding static pressure mode for the units. Setting methods can be seen in Outdoor Fan Static Pressure Setup SA6\_ESP\_S;
- **Step 3:** disconnect power for outdoor units and set one module as a master unit. Setting methods can be seen in Master Unit Setup SA8\_MASTER\_S;
- **Step 4:** Connect power for all indoor units. Make sure all IDUs are power on. Then all outdoor modules will display "Debugging not enabled";

**Step 5:** Find the module with "01" module address to be the master module. Hold SW7 button on the master module for at least 5s to enable debugging;

**Step 6:** Wait. Unit will then start progress 01 and 02; in progress 01, if master unit is not correctly set, progress 01 will show the following errors:

	Debuggi	ng Code	Progress Code		Status Code			
	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning	
Progress	Code	Display status	Code	Display status	Code	Display status		
	db	light	01	light	СС	light	System doesn't have master unit. Reset master unit.	
01_01 Set up master unit:	db	light	01	light	CF	light	More than 2 master units are set. Reset master unit.	
dillt.	db	light	01	light	ОС	light	Master unit is successfully set. Start next progress.	

According to the above errors, reset the master unit as instructed in Master Unit Setup SA8\_MASTER\_S. After reset is finished, start debugging again.

In progress 02, if master IDU is not detected, then progress 02 will show the following errors:

LE	D1	LE	D2	LED3		
Function code Display mode		Current progress	Display mode	Current status Display mode		
db light		02	light	L7	blink	

At this time, all buttons are ineffective. Set master IDU in 1min via debugging software. If master IDU is not set in 1min, system will set up a master IDU randomly. After that, system will start next progress.

**Step 7:** in progress 03, the quantity of modules needs to be confirmed manually. Main board of each module will display:

	Debugg	ing code	Progres	ss code	Status code		
Duamasa	LE	D1	LE	D2	LED3		
Progress	Code	Display status	Code	Display status	Code	Display status	
03_Quantity of modules	db	light	03	light	Quantity of modules	blink	

If the quantity displayed is the same with actual quantity, then press SW7 confirmation button on the master unit to confirm it. Unit will start next progress:

	Debugg	ing code	Progres	ss code	Status code		
Duarrage	LE	D1	LE	D2	LED3		
Progress	Code	Display status	Code	Display status	Code	Display status	
03_Confirm the quantity of modules	db	light	03	light	ОС	light	

If the quantity displayed is different from actual quantity, then disconnect power and check whether communication wire among each module is correctly connected. After the check, start debugging again.

**Step 8:** in progress 04, the quantity of IDUs needs to be confirmed manually. Main board of each module will display:

	Debu	gging code	Pro	ogress code	Status code		
Drogrago		LED1		LED2	LED3		
Progress	Code	Display status	Code	Display status	Code	Display status	
04_Confirm the quantity of IDUs	db	Light	04	Light	Quantity of connected IDUs	blink	

If the quantity displayed is the same with actual quantity, then press SW7 confirmation button on the master unit to confirm it. Unit will start next progress:

	Debugg	ing code	Progres	ss code	Status code		
Drogrado	LE	D1	LE	D2	LED3		
Progress	Code Display status		Code	Code Display status		Display status	
04_Confirm the quantity of IDUs	db	Light	04	Light	ОС	Light	

Step 9: progress 05 is "Detect internal communication"

If no error is detected, system will display as below and then start next progress.

	Debugging code		Progress code		Status code			
	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning	
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	i Loge I		j	
05_Detect internal communication	db	Light	05	Light	ОС	Light	Detection is finished. Start next progress.	

If error is detected, system will stay at current progress. Error has to be solved manually. Below are relevant errors:

	Debug	ging code	Progr	ess code	Statu	us code	
	L	ED1	١	ED2	LED3		Meaning
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status	
	db	Light	05	Light	C2	Light	System detects "driven communication error between master unit and inverter compressor".
05_Detect	db	Light	05	Light	C3	Light	System detects "driven communication error between master unit and inverter fan".
communication	db	Light	05	Light	СН	Light	IDU/ODU "high proportion of rated capacity".
	db	Light	05	Light	CL	Light	IDU/ODU "low proportion of rated capacity".

Elimination methods of above errors can be found in Troubleshooting.

Step 10: progress 06 is "Detect outdoor components"

If no error is detected, system will display as below and then start next progress.

	Debugging code		Progress code		Status code			
	LE	D1	LE	D2	LE	D3	Meaning	
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status	j	
06_Detect outdoor components	Db	Light	06	Light	ОС	l Liaht	No error is detected in outdoor components. Start next progress.	

If error is detected, system will stay at current progress. Error has to be solved manually. Below is relevant error:

	Debugg	ing code	Progres	ss code	Status	code		
	LE	:D1	LE	D2	LE	D3	Meaning	
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code Display status			
06_Detect outdoor components	db	Light	06	Light	Error code	Light	System detects error in outdoor components.	

Elimination methods of above error can be found in Troubleshooting.

Step11: progress 07 is "Detect indoor components"

If no error is detected, system will display as below and then start next progress.

	Debugg	ing code	Progres	ss code	Status	code	
	LE	D1	LE	D2	LED3		Meaning
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status	
07_Detect indoor components	db	Light	07	Light	ОС	l Liaht	No error is detected in indoor components. Start next progress.

If error is detected, system will stay at current progress. Error has to be solved manually. Below is relevant error:

	Debugg	ing code	Progress code		Status co	ode		
	LED1		LED2		LED3	3	Meaning	
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status	saimig	
07_Detect indoor components	db	Light	07	Light	XXXXor Error code	Light	System detects error in indoor components.	

XXXX is the project no. of the faulted IDU. 3s later, relevant error code is displayed. For example, IDU no. 100 has d5 error, then LED3 displays like this: 01 (2s later) 00 (2s later) d5, and repeat again.

Elimination methods of above error can be found in Troubleshooting.

Step 12: progress 08 is "Confirm preheated compressor"

If more than 8h of preheat time is detected, system will display as below and start next progress.

	Debugging code		Progress code		Status code			
	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning	
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	. , I Code I		g	
08_Confirm preheated compressor	db	Light	08	Light	ОС	Light	Preheat time for compressor is 8h. Start next progress.	

If less than 8h of preheat time is detected, system will give error alarm and display as below. Then press SW7 confirmation button to skip the wait time and start next progress. But this will cause force start of the compressor, which may damage the compressor.

	Debugging code		Progress code		Status code			
	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning	
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status		
08_Confirm preheated compressor	db	Light	08	Light	UO	Light	Preheat time for compressor is less than 8h.	

Step 13: progress 09 is "Refrigerant judgments before startup"

If the refrigerant quantity inside the system meets the requirement of operation startup, system will display as below and start next progress.

	Debugging code		Progress code		Status code			
	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning	
progress	Code     Code     Code		Display status					
09_Refrigerant judgments before startup	db	Light	09	Light	ОС	Light	System refrigerant is normal. Start next progress.	

If there's no or not enough refrigerant in the system to meet the requirement of operation startup, system will display U4 "refrigerant shortage protection" and fails to start next progress. Then check if there's any leakage or add refrigerant inside until error eliminated.

	Debug	ging code	Progr	ess code	Stati	us code		
	L	ED1	L	ED2	LED3		Meaning	
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status		
09_Refrigerant judgments before startup	db	Light	09	Light	O4	Light	System refrigerant is not enough. System downtime equilibrium pressure is lower than 0.3MPa(4-2/5psig).	

**Step 14:** progress 10 is "Status judgments of outdoor valves before startup" If master unit displays below, status judgments are enabled.

	Debugging code		Progres	Progress code		code		
	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning	
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status		
10_Status judgments of outdoor valves before startup	db	Light	10	Light	ON	Light	Outdoor valves are being turned on.	

If unit detects that valve status is not normal, it will display as below:

	Debugg	ing code	Progress code		Status	code		
	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning	
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status		
10_Status judgments of outdoor valves before startup	db	Light	10	Light	U6	Liaht	Outdoor valves are not fully turned on.	

Then check the big and small valves whether they are fully turned on. After the check, press SW6 return button to restart the judgments.

If unit detects that valve status is normal, it will display as below and start next progress.

	Debugg	ing code	Progres	ss code	Status	code	
	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status	
10_Status judgments of outdoor valves before startup	db	Light	10	Light	ОС	l Liaht	Outdoor valves are turned on normally.

Step 15: progress 11 is "Calculate refrigerant quantity manually"

No need to operate. System will start next progress.

Step 16: progress 12 is "Confirm debugging startup"

In order to make sure all preparation work is done before startup, this step is designed for user to confirm the startup again. Operate as below:

If master unit displays as below, system is waiting for confirmation signal.

	Debugg	ing code	Progress code		Status	code		
	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning	
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status		
12_Status judgments of outdoor valves before startup	db	Light	12	Light	AP	Blink	Ready for units to start debugging.	

If it's confirmed, press SW7 confirmation button. Unit will display as below and start next progress.

	Debugg	ing code	Progre	ss code	Status	code	
	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status	
12_Status judgments of outdoor valves before startup	db	Light	12	Light	AE		Manual calculation of refrigerant quantity is set up.

**Step 17:** after unit is confirmed to start debugging, system select cooling/heating mode according to ambient temperature.

A. If cooling mode is selected, relevant display is as below:

	Debugging code Progress code		ess code	Statu	s code		
	L	ED1	LED2		LE	D3	Meaning
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status	
	db	Light	15	Light	AC	Light	Debugging is enabled in cooling mode (debugging mode, auto-selected by system).
	db	Light	15	Light	Error code	Light	Error occurs during debugging in cooling mode.
	db	Light	15	Light	J0	Light	Error of other modules occurs during debugging in cooling mode.
15_Cooling debugging	db	Light	15	Light	U9	Light	Outdoor pipeline and valves are not normal.
	db	Light	15	Light	XXXX /U8	Light	System detects error in indoor pipeline. XXXX is the project no. of the faulted IDU. 3s later, error code U8 is displayed. For example, IDU no. 100 has U8 error, then LED3 displays like this: 01 (2s later) 00 (2s later) U8, and repeat again.

## B. If heating mode is selected, relevant display is as below:

	Debugging code		Progress code		Status code			
	L	ED1	LED2		LED3		Meaning	
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status		
	db	Light	16	Light	AE	Light	Debugging is enabled in heating mode (debugging mode, auto-selected by system).	
16_Heating	db	Light	16	Light	Error code	Light	Error occurs during debugging in heating mode.	
debugging	db	Light	16	Light	J0	Light	Error of other modules occurs during debugging in heating mode.	
	db	Light	16	Light	U9	Light	Outdoor pipeline and valves are not normal.	

	Debugging code		Progress code		Status code			
	L	ED1	LED2		LED3		Meaning	
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status		
	db	Light	16	Light	XXXX /U8	Light	System detects error in indoor pipeline. XXXX is the project no. of the faulted IDU. 3s later, error code U8 is displayed. For example, IDU no. 100 has U8 error, then LED3 displays like this: 01 (2s later) 00 (2s later) U8, and repeat again.	

**Step 18:** if there's no error during operation for about 40min, system will automatically confirm that debugging is finished and then stop. System resumes standby condition and displays as below:

	Debugging code		Progress code		Status code			
	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning	
progress	Code	Display status	code	Display status	Code	Display status	Wearing	
17_Debugging finished	01-04	Light	OF	Light	OF	Light	Debugging is finished. System is on standby condition. LED1 displays module address. LED2 and LED3 display "OF".	

**Step 19:** after debugging is finished, some functions can be set up according to project's actual needs. For specific details, please refer to System Functions Setup. If no special requirements, skip this step.

**Step 20:** deliver the product to user and inform user about usage precautions.

## 5.2.3 Appendix: judgment reference of normal operational parameters

		Re	ference of Debug Parame	eters of p	photovoltaic multi VRF System		
No.	Debug item		Parameter name	Unit	Reference		
1			Outdoor ambient temp	°C(°F)			
2		ODU			Discharge tube temp of inverter compressor 1	°C(°F)	When system compressor starts up, temp of discharge tube or casing top in cooling mode is
3					inverter compressor 1	within 70~95°C (158~203°F), and at least 10 °C(50°F) higher than system high pressure	
4	System		Discharge tube temp of inverter compressor 2	°C(°F)	saturation temp; Temp in heating mode is within 65~80°C(149~176°F), and at least 10°C(50°F) higher than system high pressure saturation temp		
5	parameters		ODU	Casing top temp of inverter compressor 2		<ul> <li>When inverter compressor starts but inverter compressor 2 stops, the discharge tube temperature of inverter compressor 2 is almost the same with ambient temp.</li> </ul>	
6			Defrost temp 1	°C(°F)	<ul> <li>In cooling mode, defrost temp1 is 5~11°C</li> <li>(41~51.8°F) lower than system high pressure value;</li> <li>In heating mode, defrost temp1 is about 2°C</li> <li>(35.6°F) different from system low pressure value.</li> </ul>		

		Re	eference of Debug Param	eters of p	photovoltaic multi VRF System
No.	Debug item	)	Parameter name	Unit	Reference
7			System high pressure	°C(°F)	<ul> <li>System's normal high pressure value is within 20~25°C(68~77°F) According to the change in ambient temp and system operational capacity, system's high pressure value is 10~40 °C(50~104°F) higher than ambient temp The higher ambient temp is, the smaller temp difference is.</li> <li>When ambient temp is 25~35°C(77~95°F), system's high pressure value in cooling mode is 44~53°C(111.2~127.4°F).</li> <li>When ambient temp is -5~10°C(23~50°F), system's high pressure value in heating mode is 40~52°C(104~125.6°F).</li> </ul>
8			System low pressure	°C(°F)	<ul> <li>When ambient temp is 25~35°C(77~95°F), system's low pressure value in cooling mode is 0~8°C(32~46.4°F).</li> <li>When ambient temp is -5~10°C(23~50°F), system's low pressure value in heating mode is -15~5°C(5~41°F).</li> </ul>
9			Opening angle of heating EXV	PLS	<ul> <li>In cooling mode, heating electronic expansion valve remains 480PLS.</li> <li>In heating mode, the opening angle of adjustable electronic expansion valve varies within 120~480PLS.</li> </ul>
10			Operating freq. of inverter compressor 1	Hz	Varies from 20Hz to 95Hz
11			Current of inverter compressor 1	Α	According to different operating freq. and different load, current will vary from 7A to 40A.
12			IPM temp of inverter compressor 1	°C(°F)	When ambient temp is lower than 35°C(95°F), IPM temp is below 85°C(185°F). Highest temp won't be above 95°C(203°F).
13			Inverter compressor 1 driven bus voltage	V	Normal bus voltage is 1.414 times of power voltage. For example, if 3-phase power voltage is 220V, then the bus voltage after rectification is: 220V X 1.414=311V. It's normal if actual voltage varies 15v from the calculated voltage.
14			Operating freq. of inverter compressor 2	Hz	Varies from 30Hz to 100Hz
15			Current of inverter compressor 2	Α	According to different operating freq. and different load, current will vary from 7A to 25A.
16			IPM temp of inverter compressor 2	°C(°F)	When ambient temp is lower than 35°C(95°F), IPM temp is below 80°C(176°F). Highest temp won't be above 95°C(203°F).
17			Inverter compressor 2 driven bus voltage	V	Normal bus voltage is 1.414 times of power voltage. For example, if 3-phase power voltage is 220V, then the bus voltage after rectification is: 220V X 1.414=311V. It's normal if actual voltage varies 15v from the calculated voltage.
18	Cunta		Operating freq of fan motor 1	Hz	Adjusts in 0~65Hz according to system pressure.
19	System parameters	ODU	Current of fan motor 1	Α	
20			Operating freq of fan motor 2	Hz	Adjusts in 0~65Hz according to system pressure.

		Re	ference of Debug Param	eters of p	photovoltaic multi VRF System		
No.	Debug item		Parameter name	Unit	Reference		
21			Current of fan motor 2	Α			
22			Ambient temp of IDU	°C(°F)			
23		IDU	Inlet tube temp of indoor heat exchanger	°C(°F)	According to different ambient temp, for a same IDU under cooling mode, inlet tube temp will be		
24			IDU	IDU	IDU	Outlet tube temp of indoor heat exchanger	°C(°F)
25		Opening angle of indoor EXV		PLS	Adjusts opening angle automatically in 200~2000PLS or 70~480PLS.		
26	Communication parameter	(	Communication data	_	Quantity of IDU and ODU detected by software is the same with actual quantity. No communication error.		
27	Drainage system			_	IDU can drain water out completely and smoothly. Condensate pipe has no backward slope of water. Water of ODU can be drained completely through drainage pipe. No water drop from unit base.		
28	Others			°C(°F)	Compressor and indoor/outdoor fan motor has no strange noise. Unit operates normally.		

# 6 Common Malfunction and Troubleshooting

Check the following items before contacting for repair.

Phenomenon	Reason	Measure		
	Without power supply	Connect to power supply		
<b>T</b> I	Voltage is too low	Check if the voltage is within rating range		
The unit doesn't run.	Broken fuse or breaker trips off	Replace fuse or connect breaker		
Turi.	Insufficient energy of remote controller	Replace new battery		
	Remote controller is out of control scope	Control scope is within 8m		
Unit runs but stop immediately	Air intake or outlet of indoor or outdoor unit is blocked	Remove obstruction		
	Air intake or outlet of indoor or outdoor unit is blocked	Remove obstruction		
	Improper temperature setting	Adjust setting at wireless remote controller or wired controller		
	Fan speed is set too low	Adjust setting at wireless remote controller or wired controller		
Abnormal cooling or heating	Wind direction is not correct	Adjust setting at wireless remote controller or wired controller		
	Door or windows are opened	Close the door or windows		
	Direct sunshine	Draw curtain or louver		
	Too many people in the room			
	Too many heat resources in the room	Reduce heat resources		
	Filter is blocked for dirt	Clean the filter		

# NOTICE

- (1) When installing remote monitor or central controller, displacement on indoor units' project codes must be made. Otherwise, there will be collision malfunction of the project codes. For detail operation methods, please refer to the GMV5 Installation and Maintenance Manual.
- (2) If problem cannot be solved after checking the above items, please contact Gree service center and show phenomena and models.

Following circumstance are not malfunction.

"Malfunction"		Reason
	When unit is started immediately after it is just	Overload protection switch makes it run
Unit doesn't run	turned off	after 3 minutes delay
Mist comes from	When power is turned on	Standby operating for about 1 minute
the unit	Under cooling	Indoor high humidity air is cooled rapidly
	Slight cracking sound is heard when just turned on	It is noise when electronic expansion valve initialization
	There is consecutive sound when cooling	That's sound for gas refrigerant flowing in unit
Noise is emitted	There is sound when unit starts or stops	That's sound for gas refrigerant stops to flow
	There is slight and consecutive sound when unit is running or after running	That's sound for operation of drainage system
	Cracking sound is heard when unit is operating and after operating	That's sound caused by expansion of panel and other parts due to temperature change
The unit blows out duct	When unit runs after no operation for a long period	Dust in indoor unit is blew out
The unit emits odor	Operating	The room odor absorbed by the unit is blew out again
Indoor unit still runs after switch off	After every indoor unit receive "stop" signal, fan will keep running	Indoor fan motor will keep running 20-70s so as to take good use of excess cooling and heating and prepare for next operation
Mode conflict	COOL or HEAT mode cannot be operated	When the indoor operating mode conflicts with that of outdoor unit, indoor fault indicator will flash and conflict will be shown on the wired controller after 5 minutes. Indoor unit stops to run and meanwhile change outdoor operating mode as the same as that of indoor unit, then the unit will go back to normal. COOL mode doesn't conflict with DRY mode. FAN mode doesn't conflict with any mode.

# 7 Error Indication

Inquiry method of malfunction display: combine division number and content number to check the corresponding malfunction.

## Indoor:

Error Code	Content	Error Code	Content
LO	Malfunction of IDU	d2	Malfunction of lower water
	Mananetter et 12 e	<u> </u>	temperature sensor of water tank
L1	Protection of indoor fan	d3	Malfunction of ambient temperature
	r reteation of macer fair	40	sensor
L2	Auxiliary heating protection	d4	Malfunction of entry-tube
	, tarimary reasons	<u> </u>	temperature sensor
L3	Water-full protection	d6	Malfunction of exit-tube temperature
			sensor
L4	Abnormal power supply for wired	d7	Malfunction of humidity sensor
	controller		
L5	Freeze prevention protection	d8	Malfunction of water temperature
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		sensor
L7	No main IDU	d9	Malfunction of jumper cap
L8	Power supply is insufficient	dA	Web address of IDU is abnormal
L9	For single control over multiple units,	dH	PCB of wired controller is abnormal
E9	number of IDU is inconsistent	uii	
LA	For single control over multiple units,	dC	Setting capacity of DIP switch code
	IDU series is inconsistent	40	is abnormal
LH	Alarm due to bad air quality	dL	Malfunction of air outlet temperature
		<del>-</del>	sensor
LC	IDU is not matching with outdoor unit	dE	Malfunction of indoor CO <sub>2</sub> sensor
LL	Malfunction of water flow switch	dF	Malfunction of upper water
<u> </u>	Walter flow Switch		temperature sensor of water tank
LE	Rotation speed of EC DC water	dJ	Malfunction of backwater
	pump is abnormal	do	temperature sensor
LF	Malfunction of shunt valve setting	dP	Malfunction of inlet tube temperature
			sensor of generator
LJ	Setting of functional DIP switch code is wrong	dU	Malfunction of drainage pipe
			temperature sensor of generator
LP	Zero-crossing malfunction of PG	db	Debugging status
	motor		11135.19 -1
LU	Indoor unit's branch is not		Malfunction of solar power
	inconsistent for one-to-more unit of	dd	temperature sensor
	heat recovery system	_	
d1	Indoor PCB is poor	dn	Malfunction of swing parts

#### **Outdoor:**

Error Code	Content	Error Code	Content
E0	Malfunction of ODU	FC	Current sensor of compressor 2 is abnormal
E1	High-pressure protection	FL	Current sensor of compressor 3 is abnormal
E2	Discharge low-temperature protection	FE	Current sensor of compressor 4 is abnormal
E3	Low-pressure protection	FF	Current sensor of compressor 5 is abnormal
E4	High discharge temperature protection of compressor	FJ	Current sensor of compressor 6 is abnormal
J0	Protection for other modules	FP	Malfunction of DC motor

Error Code	Content	Error Code	Content
	Over-current protection of		Malfunction of casing top
J1	compressor 1	FU	temperature sensor of compressor 1
J2	Over-current protection of	Fb	Malfunction of casing top
J2	compressor 2	ΓÜ	temperature sensor of compressor 2
J3	Over-current protection of	Fd	Malfunction of exit tube temperature
	compressor 3		sensor of mode exchanger
J4	Over-current protection of	Fn	Malfunction of inlet tube temperature
	compressor 4		sensor of mode exchanger
J5	Over-current protection of	b1	Malfunction of outdoor ambient
	compressor 5		temperature sensor
J6	Over-current protection for compressor 6	b2	Malfunction of defrosting temperature sensor 1
	Compressor o		Malfunction of defrosting
J7	Gas-mixing protection of 4-way valve	b3	temperature sensor 2
	High pressure ratio protection of		Malfunction of liquid temperature
J8	system	b4	sensor of sub-cooler
10	Low pressure ratio protection of	h.F.	Malfunction of gas temperature
J9	system	b5	sensor of sub-cooler
JA	Protection because of abnormal	b6	Malfunction of inlet tube temperature
JA	pressure		sensor of vapor liquid separator
JC	Water flow switch protection	b7	Malfunction of exit tube temperature
	·		sensor of vapor liquid separator
JL	Protection because high pressure is	b8	Malfunction of outdoor humidity
	too low		sensor
JE	Oil-return pipe is blocked	b9	Malfunction of gas temperature
			sensor of heat exchanger
JF	Oil-return pipe is leaking	bA	Malfunction of oil-return temperature sensor 1
	malfunction of driving board of		
P0	compressor	bH	Clock of system is abnormal
5.4	Driving board of compressor	. –	Malfunction of inlet tube temperature
P1	operates abnormally	bE	sensor of condenser
P2	Voltage protection of driving board	bF	Malfunction of outlet tube
12	power of compressor	DI	temperature sensor of condenser
_	Reset protection of driving module of compressor	bJ	High-pressure sensor and
P3			low-pressure sensor are connected
			reversely
P4	Drive PFC protection of compressor	bP	Malfunction of temperature sensor of
	Over-current protection of inverter		oil-return 2  Malfunction of temperature sensor of
P5	compressor	bU	oil return 3
	Drive IPM module protection of		Malfunction of temperature sensor of
P6	compressor	bb	oil return 4
57	Malfunction of drive temperature	1.10	
P7	sensor of compressor	H0	Malfunction of driving board of fan
P8	Drive IPM high temperature	H1	Driving board of fan operates
го	protection of compressor	ПІ	abnormally
P9	Desynchronizing protection of	H2	Voltage protection of driving board
	inverter compressor	1 12	power of fan
PA	Malfunction of drive storage chip of	НЗ	Reset protection of driving module of
	compressor		fan
PH	High-voltage protection of	H4	Drive PFC protection of fan
	compressor's drive DC bus bar		Over-current protection of invertor
PC	Malfunction of current detection circuit drive of compressor	H5	Over-current protection of inverter fan
	Low voltage protection for DC bus		
PL	bar of drive of compressor	H6	Drive IPM module protection of fan
L			i

Error Code	Content	Error Code	Content
PE	Phase-lacking of inverter compressor	H7	Malfunction of drive temperature sensor of fan
PF	Malfunction of charging loop of driven of compressor	H8	Drive IPM high temperature protection of fan
PJ	Failure startup of inverter compressor	H9	Desynchronizing protection of inverter fan
PP	AC current protection of inverter compressor	НА	Malfunction of drive storage chip of inverter outdoor fan
PU	AC input voltage of drive of inverter compressor	НН	High-voltage protection of fan's drive DC bus bar
F0	Main board of ODU is poor	НС	Malfunction of current detection circuit of fan drive
F1	Malfunction of high-pressure sensor	HL	Low voltage protection of bus bar of fan drive
F3	Malfunction of low-pressure sensor	HE	Phase-lacking of inverter fan
F5	Malfunction of discharge temperature sensor of compressor 1	HF	Malfunction of charging loop of fan drive
F6	Malfunction of exit-tube temperature sensor	HJ	Failure startup of inverter fan
F7	Malfunction of humidity sensor	HP	AC current protection of inverter fan
F8	Malfunction of water temperature sensor	HU	AC input voltage of drive of inverter fan
F9	Malfunction of jumper cap	HJ	Failure startup of inverter fan
FA	Web address of IDU is abnormal	HP	AC current protection of inverter fan
FH	Current sensor of compressor 1 is abnormal	HU	AC input voltage of drive of inverter fan
G0	PV reversed connection protection	GH	Photovoltaic DC\DC protection
G1	PV Anti-islanding protection	GC	Photovoltaic DC hardware overcurrent protection
G2	PV DC overcurrent protection	GL	Grid side hardware overcurrent protection
G3	PV power generation overload	GE	High or low photovoltaic voltage protection
G4	PV leakage current protection	Gb	Grid side relay protection
G5	Phase-lacking protection at power grid side	Gn	Insulation resistance protection
G6	Phase-lacking protection at power grid side	GF	DC bus neutral-point potential unbalance protection
G7	PV LVRT	GJ	Grid side module high-temperature protection
G8	Overcurrent protection at power grid side	GP	Grid side temperature sensor protection
G9	Drive IPM module protection at power grid side	GU	Charging circuit protection
GA	Low/high input voltage protection at power grid side	Gb	Grid side relay protection
Gy	Power protection(PV)	Gd	Grid side current sensor protection

# Debugging:

Error Code	Content	Error Code	Content
UO	Preheat time of compressor is insufficient	C6	Alarm because ODU quantity is inconsistent
U2	Wrong setting of ODU's capacity code/jumper cap	C7	Abnormal communication of converter
U3	Power supply phase sequence protection	C8	Emergency status of compressor
U4	Refrigerant-lacking protection	C9	Emergency status of fan
U5	Wrong address for driving board of compressor	CA	Emergency status of module
U6	Alarm because valve is abnormal	CH	Rated capacity is too high
U8	Malfunction of pipeline for IDU	CC	No main unit
U9	Malfunction of pipeline for ODU	CL	The matching ratio of rated capacity for IDU and ODU is too low
UC	Setting of main IDU is succeeded	CE	Communication malfunction between mode exchanger and IDU
UL	Emergency operation DIP switch code of compressor is wrong	CF	Malfunction of multiple main control units
UE	Charging of refrigerant is invalid	CJ	Address DIP switch code of system is shocking
UF	Identification malfunction of IDU of mode exchanger	СР	Malfunction of multiple wired controller
C0	Communication malfunction between IDU, ODU and IDU's wired controller	CU	Communication malfunction between IDU and the receiving lamp
C1	Communication malfunction between main control and DC-DC controller	Cb	Overflow distribution of IP address
C2	Communication malfunction between main control and inverter compressor driver	Cd	Communication malfunction between mode exchanger and ODU
С3	Communication malfunction between main control and inverter fan driver	Cn	Malfunction of network for IDU and ODU of mode exchanger
C4	Malfunction of lack of IDU	Су	Communication malfunction of mode exchanger
C5	Alarm because project code of IDU is inconsistent		

## Status:

Error Code	Content	Error Code	Content
A0	Unit waiting for debugging	Ау	Shielding status
A2	Refrigerant recovery operation of after-sales	n0	SE operation setting of system
А3	Defrosting	n3	Compulsory defrosting
A4	Oil-return	n4	Limit setting for max. capacity/output capacity
A6	Heat pump function setting	n5	Compulsory excursion of engineering code of IDU
A7	Quiet mode setting	n6	Inquiry of malfunction
A8	Vacuum pump mode	n7	Inquiry of parameters
АН	Heating	n8	Inquiry of project code of IDU
AC	Cooling	n9	Check quantity of IDU on line
AL	Charge refrigerant automatically	nA	Heat pump unit
AE	Charge refrigerant manually	nH	Heating only unit
AF	Fan	nC	Cooling only unit

Error Code	Content	Error Code	Content
AJ	Cleaning reminding of filter	nE	Negative code
AP	Debugging confirmation when starting up the unit	nF	Fan model
AU	Long-distance emergency stop	nJ	High temperature prevention when heating
Ab	Emergency stop of operation	nU	Eliminate the long-distance shielding command of IDU
Ad	Limit operation	nb	Bar code inquiry
An	Child lock status	nn	Length modification of connection pipe of ODU

#### 8 Maintenance and Care

Regular check, Maintenance and care should be performed every six months by professional personnel, which will prolong the unit life span. Disconnect the power supply before cleaning and maintenance.

# 8.1 Outdoor Heat Exchanger

Outdoor heat exchanger is required to be cleaned once every six months. Use vacuum cleaner with nylon brush to clean up dust and sundries on the surface of heat exchanger. Blow away dust by compressed air if it is available. Never use water to wash the heat exchanger.

# 8.2 Drain Pipe

Regularly check if the drain pipe is clogged in order to drain condensate smoothly.

### 8.3 Notice before Seasonal Use

- (1) Check if the inlet/outlet of the indoor/outdoor unit is clogged.
- (2) Check if the ground wire is earthed reliably.
- (3) Check if battery of remote wireless controller has been replaced.
- (4) Check if the filter screen has been set soundly.
- (5) After long period of shutdown, open the main power switch 8 hours before reoperating the unit so as to preheat the compressor crankcase.
- (6) Check if the outdoor unit is installed firmly. If there is something abnormal, please contact the GREE appointed service center.

#### 8.4 Maintenance after Seasonal Use

- (1) Cut off main power supply of the unit.
- (2) Clean filter screen and indoor and outdoor units.
- (3) Clean the dust and sundries on the indoor and outdoor units.
- (4) In the event of rusting, use the anti-rust paint to stop spreading of rust.

## 8.5 Parts Replacement

Purchase parts from Gree appointed service center or dealer if necessary.

**NOTICE!** During airtight and leakage test, never mix oxygen, ethyne and other dangerous gas into refrigeration circuit. In case of hazard, it's better to use nitrogen or refrigerant to

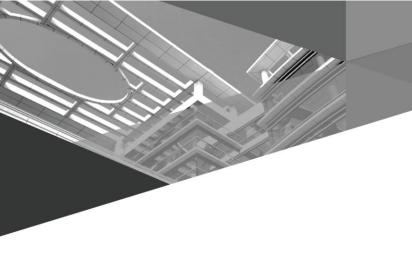
accomplish such test.

# 9 After-sales Service

In case the air-conditioning unit you bought has any quality problem or you have any inquiry, please contact the local after-sales service agency designated by Gree.

Warranty should meet the following requirements:

- (1) First run of the unit should be operated by professional personnel from Gree appointed service center.
- (2) Only Gree manufactured accessories can be used on the machine.
- (3) All the instructions listed in this manual should be followed.
- (4) Warranty will be automatically invalid if fails to obey any item mentioned above.





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